THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

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VOL. 34. EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 10, 1899. NO. 24.

NEW STORE. FRESH GOODS.

CRAMER'S

Popular Variety Store

We thank the public for the very generous patronage bestowed upon us since we purchased this establishment. We have just added a very fine line of

Ladies Dress and Fancy Goods. Bargains in Every Department.

Ladies Waists, Skirts, Wrappers and Suits at Special hot weather bargains.

Ladies' - Furnishing - Goods.

Tinware, Glassware,
Silverware, Dishes, by sets,
One hundred piece
Dinner and Tea Sets,
Crockery,
Lamps, Lanterns,
Clocks,
Table Oil Cloth,
Clothes Wringers,
Window Shades, Wall Paper,
Sewing Machines,

We are closing out Men's Clothing at cost.

D. F. CRAMER,
Emporium, Pa.

SUMMER STYLES.

Of parasols in a bright array of colors, materials and patterns and a pleasing variety of handles fill up our arsenal of defiance to sunshine. Every succeeding year adds to the charm of these rich and beautiful creations, which realize artistic effects hitherto unattempted but always in perfect harmony with the costume.

LADIES WAISTS.

A few words tell the tale of a great many waists. We profitedt by hints from you during May, June and July, and bought only of the styles in demand. So while the assortments show the inroads made by the greatest seasons selling we have ever known, the styles are pretty and the patterns are the sorts asked for. Our stock offered at prices lower than ever before is clean and attractive, there is no collection of unsalable stuff here, hanging like a millstone on the few desirable survivors.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

We make it a point to have full stock and the newest effects for summer wear, and our showing of Ladies Muslin Underwear was never so complete as during this season. What the stock contains makes it a harvest of rare opportunities.

M. C. TULIS.

Republican County Convention.

The Republican County Convention will meet at the Court House, in the Borough of Emporium, on

TUESDAY, AUGUST 22, 1899,

at 1:00 o'clock, p. m.,

For the purpose of electing one delegate to the Republican State Convention and transacting such other business as may properly come before the Convention.

By Order of County Committee,
C. F. BARCLAY, Chairman.

C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Sec'y.

Republican Primary Election.

In accordance with a resolution adopted by the Republican County Committee, empowering the Chairman to call a Caucus and County Convention, the Republican Primary elections for Cameron county will be held on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 19th, 1899.

Emporium Borough—West Ward, at Opera House, at 7:00 to 9:00 p. m.—5 delegates; Middle Ward, at Council Room, at 7:00 to 9:00 p. m.—4 delegates; East Ward, at Hose House, at 7:00 to 9:00 p. m.—3 delegates.

Shippen Township, at Court House, at 2:00 to 5:00 p. m.—7 delegates.

Portage Township, at Sizerville Bath House, at 7:00 to 9:00 p. m.—2 delegates.

Lumber township, at the Alpine House, Sterling Run, at 5:00 to 7:00 p. m.—3 delegates.

Gibson Township, at Curtin House, Driftwood at 5:00 to 7:00 p. m —3 delegates.

Driftwood Borough, at Curtin Hotel, at 8:00 to 10:00 p. m.—3 delegates.

Grove Township, at Joe M. Shaffer's, from 4:00 to 7:30 p. m.—3 delegates.

C. F. BARCLAY, Chairman.

C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Sec'y.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Now is the time to buy clothing, if you want first-class goods at low prices. N. SEGER.

Mr. J. D. Killheffer, the optician will be in Emporium, at Hirsch's Jewelry Store, on Thursday, Aug. 17th, 1899. Persons wishing any work in this line should call on the above date.

N. Seger's is the best and cheapest place to buy clothing, gents furnishings—well in fact anything in the line of dress, in this section of the state.

LADIES! clean your kid gloves with Miller's Glovine, for sale only by Balcom & Lloyd, headquarters for kid gloves and the famous Dartmouth gloves; all the latest shades. 5-ly

REBECCA MEETING.—There will be an important business meeting of the Rebeccas, Tuesday evening, August 15th. All members are requested to be present.

ELLA SWAIN, N. G.

POSITION AS COOK WANTED.—A man and his wife, experienced cooks, desire positions as cooks, either in camp, boarding house or hotel. Reference furnished if desired. Apply to PRESS for further information.

WOOD CHOPPERS WANTED.—The undersigned will pay one dollar per cord for cutting four foot wood. 25,000 cords to be cut this season. Apply to C. W. Freeman, Kushequa, Pa., foreman for Elisha K. Kane. 24-3t

THE Westport Bicycle Track Association will hold a grand race meet on Saturday, August 26th. Races to be run under sanction of L. A. W. All persons desiring to enter may obtain entry blanks from

JAMES F. O'BRIEN,
Westport, Pa.

CHURCH SUPPER.—The ladies of Band No. 4, of Interest Paying Society of the M. E. church, will serve supper at the home of Mrs. Mrs. Fry Saturday evening, August 12, from five o'clock until all are served. We earnestly solicit your patronage. Supper, fifteen cents, Ice cream, ten cents.

MENU.

Ham	Salmon	Baked Beans
Potato Salad	Cabbage Salad	Pickles
Warm Biscuit	Apple Sauce	Cake

Tea and Coffee.

PICNIC SPECIALTIES.—"Royall" Java and Mocha coffee leads them all. It's smooth, rich flavor makes you want more every time you drink it. 35c. lb., 3 lbs. $1.00. You'll want some at that picnic.

Our baked beans are simply delicious.

Fresh crackers, pickles in bulk or bottled, olives, canned and potted meats, boned chicken and turkey, canned fish, baked beans, jelly, meat dressing, and don't forget Uneeda Jinger Wafer. DAY'S.

School Children Must be Vaccinated.

At a meeting of the Board of Health on August 3rd, 1899, the following resolution was adopted for the benefit of whom it may concern:

Resolved, That the public be notified that the State law requiring all children to be vaccinated before they can attend the public schools will be rigidly enforced this season, owing to the prevalence of small pox in nearby towns.

Parents are advised to have their children vaccinated before school begins and thus avoid any delay the first week of school.

Music all the Way.

The W. N. Y. & P. Ry. will run one of their popular week day Family Excursions to Portage Falls, Saturday, August 19th. Special train will leave Emporium at 7:30 a. m. Fare, $1.00. Children 5 to 12 years of age, half rate.

Fill your lunch basket, take your family and friends and spend a delightful day at Glen Iris, open to the public only on week doys.

Over six hours at Portage and home at an early hour. The Portville Cornet Band will furnish the music. 24-2t

Low Excursion Rates to the Firemen's Convention.

The Fifth Annual Meeting of the Northwestern Pennsylvania Volunteer Firemen's Association will be held at Bradford on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, Aug. 16th, 17th and 18th. On Wednesday occurs the business meeting of the association, election of officers, etc, concluding with a banquet in the evening to delegates, chiefs and invited guests. On the second day the great event will be a grand street parade in the afternoon, and on the third day, Friday, there will be a prize drill and hose races at the Driving Park. For the benefit of those who wish to attend, the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg Railway will sell excursion tickets to Bradford and return at a single fare for the round trip, going on all trains August 16th, 17th and 18th, and limited for return passage until August 19th, 1899. In addition to the regular service a special train will leave Ridgway at 7:00 a. m., on Thursday, August 17th, parade day, and returning leave Bradford at 10 p. m.

As Others See Us.

Hon. John U. Shaffer, editor of Renovo Record, visited Kane last Sunday and writes a very interesting article from notes gathered while passing along the route. This is what he has to say relative to Emporium: "The ride along the mountaineous and picturesque route of the P. & E. railroad between Renovo and that city, plainly disclosed the wave of business prosperity that has been sweeping over the country since the opening of the present year.

"The first striking evidences may be seen when the train stops at Emporium, where a large force of carpenters and laborers were at work Saturday morning putting things in shape to start the extensive iron mill which has been idle for many years. Ever since the mill was abandoned, business and property interests have been on the down grade. The wild stories which naturally followed about the impossibility of its competition with other iron manufacturers, gave Emporium a "set back" from which it could not fully recover. The old iron plant will now shortly resume. It will be operated by Frank B. Baird, of Buffalo, N. Y., who has recently purchased it, and being wealthy and a man who thoroughly understands the iron business, is now spending a large sum of money to refit it with all the best modern machinery, to run at least for the next five years without a break. In addition to resuming operations at the mill a large number of coke ovens will be built at Emporium. The result is everybody about that town is feeling good, buoyant with hope, and ready to go ahead and make it a desirable and profiitable place to reside."

Prices marked away down at N. Seger's. The goods must be sold to make room for our new stock.

Social Events and Outings.

Miss Abbie Metzger pleasantly entertained a number of friends last Saturday evening.

***

The Emmanuel Sunday School held their annual picnic at Sinnemahoning yesterday, a large number being present.

***

The Misses Leet entertained a number of friends last Monday evening, in honor of their guests, Miss Groves and her brother, of Coudersport.

***

Mrs. John J. Hinkle gave a duplicate whist party Wednesday afternoon, in honor of her sister, Mrs. J. H. Cole. About twenty lady friends were present.

***

Miss Nellie Hogan, one of Emporium's most charming and popular young ladies, entertains a large party of lady and gentlemen friends this (Thursday) evening.

***

About twenty couples of Emporium young people enjoyed one of their popular open air hops, at Wiley's Grove, last Friday evening. Shadman and Hockleys' full orchestra furnished the music for the occasion.

***

The Misses McInnes entertained a large number of friends in honor of Miss Esther Chew, of Bradford, at their spacious home on Allegany Avenue. Dancing and exhibitions of high-class musical talent was the order of the evening.

***

Mrs. Fred A. Hill entertained a number of school day girl friends, last Monday, at lunch. They were mostly members of the famous "Club of 1869-1870 Belles." The guests evidently hugely enjoyed the pleasantries of their visit and reunion.

***

The Junior League of the M. E. church will picnic at Wiley's Grove on Friday. The smaller children will be driven to and from the Grove and are to meet at the church at 9:30 a. m. Baskets left at the church will be hauled to and from the Grove. Parents and friends are invited to join with the Juniors in the outing.

***

Last Friday a jolly party of Emporiumites enjoyed a ride over the Emporium & Rich Valley R. R., one of the most beautiful scenic routes in the country. Mr. Henry Auchu, President of the Company, was untiring in his efforts to make the trip one of pleasure. The party consisted of Henry Auchu and wife, Mrs. J. H. Cole, Miss Iva Cole, Mrs. C. A. Bell, Mrs. G. M. Pott, Henry Pott, Miss Helen Reinoehl, Mrs. Thos. Gallagher, Mrs. John J. Hinkle, Mrs. F. G. Judd, Miss Sylvia Mayze, Hubert and Ned Brady, and H. H. Mullin and wife. The day will long be remembered as one pleasantly passed. The delightful ride and beautiful scenery surpasses description. Every citizen of Emporium should take that ride before the timber comes in contact with the woodsman's axe.

***

A pleasant reunion of former Emporium "girls" took place at Emporium last Saturday, the occasion being a reception tendered by Mrs. J. H. Cole, of Keokuk, Iowa, to several of her school day friends at the residence of her sister Mrs. F. G. Judd. Around the festive board sat: Mrs. J. H. Cole, (Lulu Warner), of Keokuk, Iowa; Mrs. Jos. Emery, (Jennie Freeman), of Westport; Mrs. John F. Derr, (Orphia Freeman), of Renovo; Mrs. O. T. Chase, (Dora Goodrich,) of Smethport; Mrs. W. Frank Taylor, (Jennie Zacharias); Mrs. F. A. Hill, (Nettie Moshier); Mrs. John J. Hinkle, (Lizzie Warner); Mrs. F. G. Judd, (Maggie Warner); Mrs. H. H. Mullin, (Ella M. Gould); Miss Sylvia Mayze, of Emporium. To make the occasion complete Mr. and Mrs. Riley Warner joined the happy gathering and aided in the gaiety. It is not necessary to relate that the occasion was certainly a happy one and "the belles of 1869-72" hope to meet again in 1900. The editor of the PRESS took a peep at the happy gathering and accepted the kind invitation of the hostess to join in devouring the good things prepared.

Cash Prizes.

Harry S. Lloyd's advertisement in this week's PRESS is entered in class C of Eastman Kodak Co., cash contest for the best advertisement on kodaks.

Emporium Sengerbund.

Judge Brennan has organized a Sengerbund Society, composed of the best singers in Emporium and expects at an early day to give a pulic recital under the directorship of Prof. Fritz Von Seger.

Epworth League.

The Seventh Annual Epworth League Convention will be held on the Sinnemahoning camp ground, August 18th, 19th and 20th, 1899 All Epworth Leaguers of the county are invited to be present. A good program will be prepared and an interesting meeting is anticipated. Come.

Why Trust Them?

The Republican Party gave the country a Protective Tariff. Now watch the ever increasing exports: In 1895, $807,000,000; in 1896, $882,000,000; in 1897, $1,000,000,000; in 1898, $1,231,000,000; when the present fiscal year is completed on the 30th of June instant, look out for a larger figure even than the last one. And yet Democratic Free-Traders predicted—they wouldn't have it any other way—that Republican Protection would destroy our foreign commerce by killing our exports. What prophets!—and should the country further trust them? —Mansfield, (O.) "News."

Death's Doings.

QUINN.

A two year old child of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. J. Quinn died on Monday. The funeral took place from the Catholic church yesterday at two o'clock.

***

STREICH.

MRS. JOSEPH STREICH, aged 37 years, died at the family residence, in Plank Road Hollow, Wednesday morning, August 9th, 1899, after an illness of only a few days. Deceased leaves a husband and five children, the youngest being five years old. The funeral will take place Friday at 2 p. m. from Presbyterian church. Our old friend Mr. Streich, who is one of our most industrious citizens, has the sympathy of our people in his terrible affliction.

***

OWENS.

MRS. SUSAN OWENS, aged 54 years, died at her family residence last Saturday, after an illness covering several years. Deceased came to this country from England, where she was highly connected. Misfortune overtook her husband and he died, leaving his wife with two small children—Mr. Clipson Martin, a respected and industrious young man of this place, and Mrs. Alfred Taylor, of Buffalo. Mrs. Owens' second husband died in Emporium. Deceased was a member of the Episcopal church. The funeral was held on Monday from the family residence near W. N. Y. & P. Junction, Rev. J. M. Robertson officiating.

Railroads Consolidated.

It is announced that seven short coal roads of Western New York and Pennsylvania have been merged into one railway through the bituminous coal fields and timber lands between Pittsburg and Rochester The road will be known as the Pittsburg, Shawmut & Northern Railroad. Practically all of the bond issue of $6,000,000 has been placed. The bonds bear interest payable in gold and are secured by a first mortgage. Nearly $1,000,000 bonds have been placed among Chicago capitalists. The capital stock is to be $12,000,000, but not all of this will be issued for the present.

The lines included in the deal are: The Buffalo, St. Marys & Southwestern; the Central New York & Western railroad; the Clermont, Mount Jewett & Northern railroad; the Clarion River Railroad, and the Smethport & Olean railroad. The mileage is 350.

The officers are: President, John Byrnes; vice presidents, Henry Marquind and Frank S. Smith; general counsel, Lewis F. Wilson; secretary, Harry McGough, and treasurer, Henry S. Hastings.

BRIEF MENTION.

Revenue stamps are not required on pension papers.

Samuel E. Harley, of Ithaca, N. Y., committed suicide at Coudersport on Tuesday.

Thirty-four fire companies have notified the committee that they will be in attendance at the convention at Bradford.

The Pennsylvania R. R. Co., have extended the limit of Atlantic City excursion tickets to fifteen days. See the notices under proper department in this issue.

An exchange gives the following advice: Never borrow your neighbor's paper. There is no greater nuisance than a paper borrower. If you are too penurious to subscribe and pay for your own paper—read the Bible. You ought to.

The Coudersport "Colts" won a game of ball Saturday a week, with the aid of a member of the Emporium team. The Enterprise says: "It must be said in justice to our boys that the infielders with the exception of "Pink" Pearsall, of Emporium, who put up a good and clean game, were playing in strange positions."

A Kansas printer, in making up the forms one day in a hurry, got a marriage and a grocer's notice mixed so they read as follows: "John Smith and Ida Quay were united in the bonds of holy saurkraut, which will be sold by the quart or barrel. Mr. Smith is an esteemed codfish at 10 cents, while the bride has nice pigs' feet, to display.

Out at Emporium the owners of a furnace that has been idle for some years last week started up their largest blasting engine and began such other preliminary work as is necessary before a general firing up. Mr. Dingley knew, when he framed the bill which is now admitted to be his proudest monument, that its operations would be beneficial, but it is a pity that he could not have lived to see how much better he fashioned even than he knew. —Philadelphia Inquirer.

Without feeling called upon to apologize for the articles in the Potter Enterprise, regarding our neighbors in Cameron county, we wondered whether they would make the mistake of supposing that the Enterprise represents any portion of the respectable people of Potter county. It is gathered from the reply of the Cameron County Press that they have not made that mistake and yet they must wonder how any such a character could be tolerated by the class of people of which Potter county has every reason to be proud. Of course there is a class everywhere who relish just such wit as embellishes the pages of that political nondescript. Unfortunately there is another class of respectable but misguided people who imagine themselves benefactors in upholding and patronizing such a character. It may be right but it does not look very well to outsiders.—Coudersport Journal.

BASE BALL GAMES.

Sterling Run and Emporium Play an Exciting Eleven Inning Game.—Methodists Beat Presbyterians.

The game of ball played here last Friday between Emporium and Sterling Run was very exciting and resulted in a victory for the home team by a score of 9 to 8. We were prevented from seeing the match, yet we are informed that the game was rather loosely played in the first but that the boys settled down and played good ball the latter part of the game. An unusual amount of "rag chewing" was indulged in and several ugly scraps were narrowly averted by the magnanimity of Captain Pearsall. The Sterling Run team was greatly strengthened by the addition of Johnsonburg, Renovo, Sinnemahoning and other outside players, while the Emporium team was weak, having been compelled to play several substitutes in place of such good players as Farrell and McFadden. Boys, try your luck again.

***

The Presbyterian and Methodist Sunday School teams crossed bats at Athletic Field on Wednesday, and indulged in a scrimmage on the diamond which ended in a victory for the M. E.'s by the magnificent score of 15 to 14 It was evidently a game between a lot of old rheumatic, back numbers, with a sufficient commingiation of young blood to make the game interesting. The way Goodnough pounded the leather covered spheroid and chased those "old fellows" around the bases was a caution to St. Peter. It was a pretty fair exhibition of the national game, anyway, and the enjoyment they had left no cause forany ill-feeling. It was thoroughly a game for fun, not for blood.

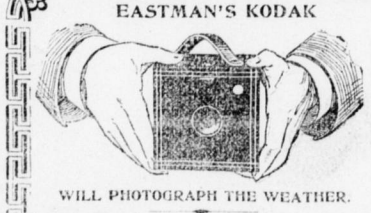
Union Sabbath School Convention.

The second annual convention of the Driftwood, Grove, Gibson and Lumber Union Sabbath School Convention will be held in the Messiah church, at Sterling Run, on Monday and Tuesday, August 14th and 15th, 1899. An interesting program has been prepared. There will be a large gathering of Sunday School workers.

Dr. Deavor at M. E. Church.

The Rev. E. E. A. Deavor, Ph. D., of Austin, a former pastor, will preach next Sunday morning and evening in the M. E. church of this place. Dr. Deavor will no doubt be greeted by many friends. The pastor, Rev. W. P. Shriner officiates in the M. E. church at St. Marys on the same day.

EASTMAN'S KODAK



WILL PHOTOGRAPH THE WEATHER.

FRIDAY, Probably showers, but you take an Eastman Pocket Kodak with you.
SATURDAY, Showers.
SUNDAY, Fair weather.

You can carry it in your hands, on your shoulder, in your pocket or on your bicycle. You press the button and the Kodak will do the rest.

LLOYD'S LONG RANGE FORECAST OF THE WEATHER AND EASTMAN'S KODAK.

KODAK

1900 years ago the wise men of the East were attracted by a wonderful star shining in the heavens, which stood over the town of Bethlehem in the land Judea. In this nineteenth century the people of the world are attracted by a wonderful star in the East which stands over Rochester, in the state of New York, where the Eastman Kodak Company manufactures the only kodak known to the world. These points characterize the superiority of Eastman's Kodak, simplicity, light weight, cartridge system, daylight loading, achromatic lenses, film or glass plates.

This Kodak can be used by boys or girls, men or women, professional or amatuer, at home or abroad, in rain or shine, in daylight or darkness, in summer or winter, standing or riding. "You press the button and the kodak will do the rest." There is no kodak but the Eastman Kodak. For sale by

HARRY S. LLOYD.

The confidence we have in the character of Eastman's Kodak, and the prices fixed on them, make us eager at all times to take back any of them that fail to please our customers.

THERE IS NO KODAK BUT THE EASTMAN KODAK

There is no kodak but the Eastman Kodak.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

For year.....$2 00
If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued ntil arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

All the Australian colonies will join the federation the official name of which is to be the Commonwealth of Australia. This new union embraces more territory than that of the 13 American colonies and a population of 4,000,000.

Gen. Funston's sword of honor has been ordered by the citizens of Kansas. It will bear an engraved list of the battles he has won, the rivers he has crossed and the hills he has climbed. In short, it will be a first-class geography of our Philippine possessions.

With nearly 100,000 post offices in the United States there must necessarily be some odd names, but one is surprised to find in the list an office called Potato, in Virginia, and on the preceding page, one in Minnesota called Pomme de Terre, French for the same vegetable.

Out of the 1,200 who belong to the Twentieth Kansas, the famous regiment which followed the daring lead of Gen. Funston, but 18 are of foreign birth, and more than half of the regiment are sons of Kansas farmers. It is a typical regiment of American volunteers.

The Ferris wheel of the Chicago world's fair is to be outdone at the Paris exposition. R. E. Sherman, a Yankee genius, will build a gigantic umbrella 350 feet high. To the end of each rib of the umbrella will be attached a car, which will convey the sight-seers up and down.

A wise plan is to be adopted for the purpose of keeping paupers out of the Klondike, so that there will be no repetition of the suffering and starvation of poorly supplied miners. Newcomers will have to have $700 in cash, or six months provisions and $200 in cash, before they are permitted to enter Dawson.

Dr. Felix Brunet, a surgeon of the French navy, has perfected a means of removing tattoo marks. Many who bear these marks grow tired of them, and, with advancing years, desire their removal, but, heretofore, they have found it expensive and difficult to do so, and in some cases ordinary methods fail altogether.

At Aberystwyth, Wales, a wedding was solemnized lately in which all the parties concerned bore the name of Jones. The bridegroom was Richard Jones, and the bride was Elizabeth Jane Jones. The witnesses were John Robert Jones and Anne Jones. The minister was Rev. R. E. Jones and the registrar Rev. William Jones.

Something new in the way of municipal government is the report of the American administration of the city of Cienfuegos, Cuba, showing a surplus revenue of $12,000 for the month of June. This is the first time in the history of Cuba that any city has shown a surplus. Spanish rule abhorred a surplus as nature does a vacuum.

Nicholas Lebrun, the composer of the Lincoln dead march, written on a week's notice for the funeral of the great war president, was borne to his grave in St. Louis recently to the strains of that solemn requiem. The playing of the dead march at President Lincoln's funeral in Springfield, Ill., by a band of 100 pieces, in which a chorus of 1,000 voices took up a chant at intervals, was personally directed by LeBrun, who was then in the prime of life. He was over 80 years of age at the time of his death.

According to a tabulated statement just issued by the treasury department the exports of manufactures from the United States have increased 110 per cent. in the past ten years. This is far ahead of the gain made in any other country. Germany shows an increase of 13 per cent. in that time, France of 10 per cent., Switzerland of 6 per cent. and the Netherlands of 3 per cent. England in the ten years has made no gain in exports of manufactures. The United States is gaining a strong foothold in the markets of the leading nations of the old world.

Canada may keep her Klondike! We do not want it, if the reports now coming from Alaska concerning the rich gold fields in the Cape Nome district are even approximately correct. And the best of it is that Cape Nome is so remote from the Canadian line that even the most enterprising land claimer can find no possible ground for disputing Uncle Sam's title. Of course the stories of almost fabulous wealth are subject to some discount, but even if they are 25 per cent. correct it is evident that a wonderful new source of wealth has been opened up.

EVASIONS BY BRYAN.

The Main Issues Are Covered Up with Meaningless Generalities.

War democrats and silver republicans who expected to find satisfactory reference to the Philippines in Mr. Bryan's speech at the Auditorium were sorely disappointed. Mr. Bryan, knowing that some of his most enthusiastic followers in 1896 expected him to say whether he would withdraw the American army from the Philippines, whether he would haul down the flag before good order was established, and surrender all that the American navy and American army had fought for, said nothing.

Afraid to commit the party to the policy of surrender, he evaded the main issue in meaningless generalities. Had he been a man of courage, like Henry Watterson or Senator Morgan, and hundreds of other prominent democrats, he would have said, however men may differ as to the final disposition of the Philippine islands, the government must be supported in its efforts to put down rebellion. But he did not say it. Instead he declared that the Filipinos should be independent. He repeated the arguments of Hoar, Atkinson and other anti-imperialists. He said that if the doctrine set forth in the declaration of independence is sound we cannot hold the Philippines; that if the doctrine of the declaration of independence is sound we cannot rightfully purchase 8,000,000 people at two dollars apiece from an alien monarch, and he represented that the main argument of those in favor of annexation was that if we were to give these people their independence other nations of Europe would laugh at us.

If these utterances represent the spirit and conviction of the democratic party, then it never can make another national campaign. They are so paltry, so evasive, so cowardly, that no democrat or silver republican who sympathized with the purpose of the government in the war with Spain can train with the party. If Mr. Bryan cares to put the acquisition of the Philippines in the light of a bargain in which the government paid two dollars a head for 8,000,000 people, what will he say of Thomas Jefferson, who, as president, paid more than two dollars a head for the people of Louisiana and Florida? Jefferson purchased outright these territories from an alien monarch, and they are now a standing illustration of the logic of the expansion policy. James K. Polk, another democrat, authorized the purchase of Mexican territory that came to us through conquest, and on Mr. Bryan's theory of annexation paid more than two dollars a head for the inhabitants thereof. But Mr. Bryan's utterances on this question must be so irritating to patriotic Americans as to carry the antidote for their own poison.

The questions that Mr. Bryan must answer are: Would you haul down the flag in the Philippines? Would you surrender the islands to the Tagals now in rebellion, representing not one-twentieth of the population? Would you withdraw the army and navy from the islands and waters of the archipelago? Would you surrender the islands to anarchy or to some European government? Would you sacrifice American interests to forward the interests of some European power? Do you approve or not the proposition submitted by the president to the Filipinos through the peace commissioners? Do you regard that proposition as a resort to European methods or the inauguration of American methods, to be discussed on its merits? Are you in favor of a general policy of surrender of the territory conquered from Spain? Would you retire from Porto Rico? Would you annul the Hawaiian annexation act? Would you maintain military government in Cuba, or would you leave the island to the war of the factions?

The people are asking these questions of Mr. Bryan, and if he is to be the nominee of the democratic party he must answer them. Democrats are asking these questions, and if Mr. Bryan does not answer them he will not be the nominee of the party. It has been demonstrated time and time again that the American people have no use for a coward. Certainly the silver republicans of the west who favor the administration policy in the Philippines, and who did their full part in sustaining the government in the war with Spain, cannot longer support a man who juggles with words to conceal his sympathy with the copperheads of the day.

This is not a time for spectacular dust throwing. The people are asking men—those who aspire to leadership, as well as those in the ranks—to show their colors. Mr. Bryan, it would seem, has no colors to show. He would have the democratic party repeat in 1900 the great blunders of 1864.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

PRESS OPINIONS.

☞The meeting of democrats at Chicago was a complete failure for everybody but Bryan.—N. Y. Tribune.

☞Altgeld says the rank and file are with him. It has been known all along that the rank were.—Albany Argus (Dem.).

☞A Missouri democratic leader makes the public statement that "democrats have a right to think." There are some rights and privileges that become obsolete from nonuse.—Burlington Hawkeye.

☞Mr. Bryan in his speech at Chicago made the money question its leading feature. The superficial character of the arguments advanced are the most striking features of the deliverance.—Pittsburgh Commercial Gazette.

☞The conflict of interest and antagonism of sentiment which prevails among the democracy upon some of the questions of the day indicate that the people who have things to worry them these days are not all in Washington or in the Philippines.—Minneapolis Journal.

IMPERIALISM DEFINED.

Views of an Old Democrat Who Believes in Extending American Lines.

The Courier-Journal did say that the idiosyncrasy of the last century was liberty and that the idiosyncrasy of the coming century will be markets. But, surely, in this it did not imply that freedom is to be sacrificed to commerce. It meant simply that the battle for constitutional government among people called civilized has been fought and won; that feudalism dead and mankind measurably self-governing, liberty, in the sense that Mirabeau conceived it and Washington fought for it, is not uppermost in the world's mind, but that overcrowded populations and labor-saving machinery have revolutionized human conditions, producing necessities that seek their satisfaction in the undeveloped regions of Asia and Africa and the islands of the Pacific ocean. In this connection we undertook to show how, with a short cut to the Pacific, the cotton states of the south occupy a geographic position of great advantage, and, seeking to have them profit by this, and that as speedily and as fully as possible, we ventured to deprecate the unconsidered outcry against the policy of national expansion, which, as far as it relates to the Pacific, is but another name for the development of the south.

The Times-Democrat calls this the "imperial idea" and says that we are in love with it. If it be the idea that led George Rogers Clark across the forest and the prairie to find a new home for liberty in the empire of Kaskaskia; if it be the idea that led Houston to raise the standard of freedom and to erect a dwelling for free men in Texas; if it be the idea that led Pike and Lewis and Clark and Fremont over the Rocky mountains to enlarge the boundaries of civilization in what was then but is no longer the far west; nay, if it be the idea that led Jefferson, without any authority of law, to put his hand in the treasury, to abstract therefrom $15,000,000 of the people's hard-earned money, and to give this to the tyrant Bonaparte for the Louisiana territory, French, Spaniards, Creoles, niggers, and what not, without saying "by your leave" or "blast your eyes" or any other politeness—nor yet forgetting Jackson's performances in Florida—then we are afraid that we must admit our esteemed contemporary's dire impeachment. Ecce signum! Except for this later circumstance we had wanted our esteemed contemporary's company around the ample board of American journalism; and for that, at least, let us be thankful and honor the memory of Jefferson!

But the Times-Democrat says that all this is republicanism. It thinks that because we follow in the footsteps of Jefferson we are headed hell bent, or words to that effect, for the republican party. Alas! these five and twenty years the Courier-Journal has so often had to meet this accusation in its efforts to tell the people of the south the plain, sober, oft-unpalatable truth that we are used to it and do not much mind it. In the meantime, we would have the democratic party—which, notwithstanding our esteemed contemporary's ungracious sally, is still the party of our hope—capture the policy of expansion, and, having recovered possession of the government, it could then regulate the future of the country at home and abroad upon Jeffersonian lines. In casting itself across the highway of that country's and the world's progress it will, we fear, throw away the substance of all power for good merely to grasp at the shadow of a barren ideality.—Louisville Courier-Journal (Dem.).

THE TREASURY OUTLOOK.

Gratifying Condition of the National Finances—Decreasing Deficit.

When Secretary Gage submitted his annual report last December he estimated that the treasury deficit for the present fiscal year would amount to $112,000,000, and that the deficit for the following year would be about $30,000,000. With but a month more of the fiscal year to run it is apparent that the secretary was altogether too pessimistic. The deficit at present is $104,000,000 in round numbers, and as June is quite certain to yield a surplus, it is quite probable that when the treasury officials come to strike a balance for the completed year they will find that the deficit will not go above the $100,000,000 mark.

This condition of the finances is decidedly gratifying, but even more satisfactory is the prospect for the next fiscal year. It is now predicted by the most capable statisticians that instead of a deficit of $30,000,000 no deficit at all will be shown. While the fact that the government has been running behind in its financial operations does not seem to have disturbed business, yet the country will breathe more easily when an actual surplus can be shown. There was a time when such a surplus was regarded as a menace to prosperity, but we have learned a good deal since 1893, and there would probably be little grumbling if the treasury receipts were to exceed the expenditures even by several millions.—Troy Times.

☞The general prosperity of the country finds many illustrations, and none more significant to the casual observer than the vast increase in postal business. Official figures just made public show that during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1899, the amount paid for postage was about $96,000,000, which is $8,000,000 more than in 1898. There has been a gain of more than 20 per cent. since 1896. That smashing of the cheap money and free riot combination was a great thing for business and for the government revenues.—Troy Times.

PARTY OF THE PEOPLE

Republicans Stand for National Honesty and True Patriotism.

Speech of E. C. Pickett, Temporary Chairman of the Iowa State Convention—Blessings of Republican Administration.

In the Iowa republican state convention at Des Moines, Tuesday, August 2, Mr. E. C. Pickett, temporary chairman, spoke in part as follows:

"The history of the republican party stands for the heroic age in American politics. Its character lines are boldly defined. It received its first lessons from the supreme and patriotic statesmanship of Abraham Lincoln. Born of the people, it has ever been proud of its parentage, and courageous in defending its birthright. It has never seized with nerveless grasp the important problems confronting it. It discerned the growing needs of the people, anticipated further developments, comprehended the boundless possibilities of our great republic; and with a high resolve, an honest conviction, and a fearless leadership, unfurled the banner of national progress in its broadest and truest sense. It has been true to the instincts of our history. In its party organism are found those vehement, virile and forceful traits that have made our people the greatest character-people in civilized history.

"It is true of nations as of individuals, that the strongest types are produced by opposition. Courage, struggle, victory, are written on every page of our history; they have developed the little band in the Mayflower into a mighty and powerful republic. At every step in our onward march, we have met with opposition; but from each and every contest, whether with nature, savages, despotism, internal dissensions or foreign foe, have arisen grander, stronger than before.

"We have never shirked responsibility, nor evaded the mandates of duty. We have never repudiated the guiding spirit of a God-ordained destiny. We have never paused to question whence, but have simply asked whither. The Divine Donor seems to have encircled our self-reliant, liberty-loving and progressive people with all the generous bounties of hospitable nature, and with prophetic command, bid us grow. 'Thus far and no farther,' is not found in our national lexicon.

"The republican party at its birth inherited these facts. It has stood in the past, and stands to-day, for the broader, higher and grander destiny of our choesn people.

"When the false prophets of free silver were inoculating the public mind with the dishonest heresy of something for nothing, and nothing for something; when pathetic appeals were being made to the unfortunates of the country, when grand and petit larceners were being tempted with legalized immunity; when the accumulated wisdom of centuries of statesmanship and economic science were about to be cast aside; when business panic, repudiation and discredit were knocking at the door of power for admission, when political leaders were sniffing the direction of the popular air, the republican party, fearlessly and patriotically, stepped forth into the public arena, stamped upon the hydraheaded monster of national dishonesty, put to rout the hosts of repudiators, unlanced the would-be knight-errants of finance, and declared before God and man that honesty must prevail in the legislation of our nation.

"The alleged evils of our financial system were imaginary, rather than real. When given an opportunity to act, as it will be given in next session of congress, the republican party will enact such legislation as may be necessary to conform our present system to its declared principles, but its legislation will be remedial, not revolutionary, constructive, not destructive, corrective, not disturbing.

"How different are the conditions to-day compared with those of three years ago. The contrast would be belittled by argument. The citation of facts would distract from the universal object lesson before us. Progress was draped in mourning. Prosperity wore the shroud of death. The nation stood, as it were, on a veritable "Bridge of Sighs," gazing with darkened brow upon the waves, as they dashed against the lea shore of the nation's hope. But the ark of republicanism appeared in the horizon; it was borne on the heavy billows of popular sentiment, until securely anchored in the harbor of a triumphant election; when forth from it stepped before the joyful hearts and happy faces of a reassured people the benign, the patriotic, the heroic mold of William McKinley.

"Destiny seems to have set its seal on the administration of William McKinley. It was foreordained by Providence. We have simply obeyed the decrees of fate. We cannot retrace our steps nor erase the past if we would, and would not if we could.

"The fortunes of war abound in surprises. Chance sometimes dictates the course of progress. This time it has opened to our country the boundless opportunities of the orient, and created an outpost of civilization that will in time emancipate the east from the bondage of barbarism and stagnation.

"Civilization must triumph in every land and under every sky. The spirit of expansion, the desire for enlarged national growth, the reaching out for greater opportunities, has been the great boulevard of progress down which have passed liberty, Christianity and all the higher blessings of civilization.

"But the opponents of so-called expansion say that we are departing from the position and tenets of our forefathers. I answer: No. We are simply rising to the new conditions that surround us. The telegraph, the railroad, the countless inventions of the present—long ago made the departure.

"But we hear it claimed that the acquisition of the Philippines under the treaty of Paris is unconstitutional. The right to acquire territory is not dependent upon the constitution. The nation, irrespective of its form of government or internal laws, is endowed with the attributes of sovereignty.

"When the insurrection now being waged in the Philippines is put down—as it surely must be—the Filipinos will be given such form of government as their intelligence and condition will justify, and such as a great and free people deem just and proper. The right of consent is always dependent on the power or ability to consent. So firmly is this principle established that its simple statement is its own conclusive argument.

"It is claimed, or at least argued by a few, that we are drifting towards imperialism. The only imperialism possible is the imperialism of commerce. And that is sure to come. We already occupy the vantage ground. We will not surrender it now. It came to us through the fortunes of war—it will remain with us for the uses of peace.

"Gentlemen of the convention, representatives of the republican party of the state of Iowa, to your consideration I commend the great issues of our greater future. The republican party has never failed in fearless leadership and courageous statesmanship. It will not fail now.

"I congratulate you upon the universal prosperity abroad in the land, upon the numberless blessings of a republican administration, upon the obliteration of Mason and Dixon's line from the map of our country, upon the added luster to American arms both on land and sea, upon the new heroes enrolled in fadeless glory on the pages of our heroic annals, upon our newly-acquired possessions, that will stand like sentries guarding and promulgating the principles of liberty and a Christian civilization, upon the near realization of our long-cherished hopes of commercial supremacy that will unfurl the flag of our republic before the eyes of people still enthralled, upon the disappearance before from the western hemisphere of Spanish cruelty and oppression, upon giving to the nation and to all time, that splendid type of American character, William McKinley.

"Standing as we are at the close of the nineteenth century—the grandest by far in all the annals of time—replete with glorious achievements in the cause of humanity, liberty and progress, pregnant with yet nobler and higher possibilities in the future, let us press forward, ever looking to destiny's guiding star, obedient to God's purpose, and with hearts earnest, hopes strengthened and courage fortified, welcome the dawn of the twentieth century."

BRYAN'S DILEMMA.

Many Workers Becoming Convinced of the Benefits of a Protective Tariff.

Fifty thousand men, who were on strike the other day at tinplate works scattered through all the great states between Boston and St. Louis, are today receiving higher wages than they ever received before, and higher than have ever been paid in the tinplate manufacture anywhere else. Most of them are men of more than ordinary intelligence, and are likely to have considerable influence where they live. They are certain to be assured that the payment of such wages would not be possible had not the many tinplate concerns been united by the formation of one great company, and in view of the intense competition which did prevail in that business last October and earlier, resulting in some reduction of wages and the closing of some works, they are likely to believe it. When Mr. Bryan comes before them and demands the destruction of all these "trusts" as enemies of the people and cruel monopolies, the 50,000 tinplate workers will consider among themselves whether they would prefer no combinations and lower wages. They will be likely to present the question in that form to other workingmen wherever they live, and Mr. Bryan's denunciation may have a kind of influence which he does not expect or desire.

But this is only a sample. There are over a hundred of these large corporations recently formed, which employ a great number of men. Though not one of them—not even the tinplate concern itself—has a complete monopoly, they all have so far checked competition between different works, and cut off expenses of management and distribution, that they are able to pay higher wages than were paid a year ago. But the wages of several hundred thousand men, not in these industries only, were raised within a few weeks last spring, and similar changes have been made at all sorts of works throughout the year. They have not been confined to works controlled by new corporations, but it will be easily claimed that the restriction of competition among those which have been united has materially affected the market for others also, and to some extend influenced the wages they are able to pay. It is also the plain truth that this tremendous change in the condition of industries and in the wages of labor has not been due to new corporations, either wholly or in the main, but was in progress before they were formed, and would have gone far if they had never been formed. The question for Mr. Bryan, however, is whether he can charge prosperity to the tariff or to "the trusts."

It is becoming clear that a great many of the workers, who have not been educated to comprehend the beneficent work of the protective tariff, will be inclined to give credit largely to the consolidations which appear on the surface of things most useful to the men they employ. While a vast number of republicans, who know what came to pass under Cleveland and a Wilson tariff and what followed under McKinley and a Dingley tariff, will understand that the prosperity of all industries has been restored, and not of those only in which consolidations have been effected, the other multitudes with which Mr. Bryan has to deal have been educated in democratic notions about the tariff. It will be easier for many of them to refuse credit for wonderful prosperity to a republican tariff, and to conclude that the curbing of competition by industrial organizations has been to them a source of direct and important gain.

The trouble for Mr. Bryan and for all democratic demagogues in the campaign they are planning for next year is that they will have to deal with great corporations which have been advancing the wages of many thousand democratic workingmen. If they go up and down in the land declaring that the corporations have been robbing the public a great many people will have doubts about that, because they find in their own experience that wages have been advanced. If others pay a little more for this or that article, there is always the question how far the higher cost of materials made that necessary, and the argument on that point is too complicated for ready popular appreciation, but the thing which every man can understand is that his wages have been raised. Since Mr. Bryan will not admit that any credit is due to the tariff on that score, what luck is he likely to have in denouncing the industrial corporations?—N. Y. Tribune.

☞The meeting of the democratic national committee at Chicago and the various side shows connected with it indicate pretty conclusively that Mr. Bryan is to be the next nominee of his party for president, and also that when the time comes for making a platform he can make it to suit himself.—N. Y. Post (Dem.).

☞A curious felicity of pleasure is given to Col. Bryan. A few weeks ago he was taken to the Dismal Swamp. Then he compared himself with the Mammoth cave. Young Carter Harrison took him on an excursion along the big Chicago drainage ditch. Nothing is too good for the colonel.—N. Y. Sun.

"Actions of the Just Smell Sweet."

The fragrance of life is vigor and strength, neither of which can be found in a person whose blood is impure, and whose every breath speaks of internal troubles. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and makes the weak strong.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

A "HOT" COLD BANQUET.

Some Inside Information by a Waiter from the Bowery Who Helped Serve It.

One of the waiters at a popular local restaurant is a bird of passage from the Bowery and was a member of the small army that served the famous "Dollar Dinner" in New York last April. A good many stories have been told of that memorable event, but none of them surpass his own in point of picturesqueness and inside detail. "It was the funniest push I was ever in in me life," he says, confidentially. "The kitchen was so small they had to cook everything on the outside, and when it got there it was dead cold. The second course was haddock, and each fish come served in a linen bag, so we could put 'em in tubs of hot water and warm 'em up—see? Well, some of the boys got rattled and served 'em bags and all, with egg sauce over th' outside. Say, you'd of died laughing seeing them fellers tryin' to carve their fish. 'This is the toughest auld haddock I iver tackled in me life,' says one Tammany man at the head table; 'it's got a skin like a rhinoceris,' says he. In the kitchen there was a riot all night long. It was so small the waiters couldn't reach the dishers-up and they got to scrapping for front places in the line. One man was knocked stiff with a turkey, and when they picked him up I thought he was dead. I did, on the level. But it wasn't blood. It was only cranberry sauce. Another flunkey fell into the salad and one of the cooks put a can of ice cream in the oven, thinking it was brown gravy for the beef. That's on the square—just as I'm tellin' you! But the worst of all was when we came to the wine. It was 'Merican champagne in half pints, without ice, and of all the kicking and hollering! One fresh gent told me it was the only thing he had had that night that was good and warm, and he had hardly said it when a waiter that was a little jagged accidentally poured about a quart of boilin' coffee down the back of his neck. Say, you ought of heard him cuss! Between you and me, a good many waiters got to hitting the wine, and they found one of 'em with 15 empty bottles in his pants leg. That's honest. I saw it myself. It was the hottest banquet I was ever at."—N. O. Times-Democrat.

The Battle Field Route.

The Veterans of sixty-one and five and their friends, who are going to attend the 33rd G. A. R. Annual Encampment at Philadelphia in September, could not select a better nor more historic route than the Big Four, Chesapeake & Ohio, with splendid service from Chicago, Peoria and St. Louis on the Big Four, all connecting at Indianapolis or Cincinnati and thence over the Picturesque Chesapeake & Ohio along the Ohio river to Huntington, West Va., thence through the foot-hills of the Alleghanies, over the Mountains, through the famous Springs Region of Virginia to Staunton, Va., between which point and Washington are many of the most prominent Battlefields: Waynesboro, Gordonsville, Cedar Mountain, Rappahannock, Kettle Run, Manassas, Bull Run, Fairfax, and a score of others nearly as prominent. Washington is next, and thence via the Pennsylvania Line direct to Philadelphia. There will be three rates in effect for this business: 1st. Continuous passage, with no stop-over privilege; 2nd. Going and coming same route with one stop-over in each direction; 3d. Circuitous route, going one way and back another with one stop-over in each direction. For full information as to Routes, Rates, etc., address J. C. Tucker, G. N. A., 234 Clark St., Chicago.

The reason why a young pig eats so much is because he wants to be a hog.—Princeton Tiger.

Locating the Trouble.

"Dear me, the circus isn't what it used to be."

"Now, John, stop; the circus is all right; it is you that has changed. You know you couldn't climb a pole, turn a double somersault or skin the cat to save your life."—Detroit Free Press.

Jobson—"Lightning never strikes twice in the same place." Bildad—"How do you know?" Jobson—"I'm a lightning calculator."—Town Topics.

The cheaper the man the tougher the story he will tell or believe.—Atchison Globe.

An Excellent Combination.

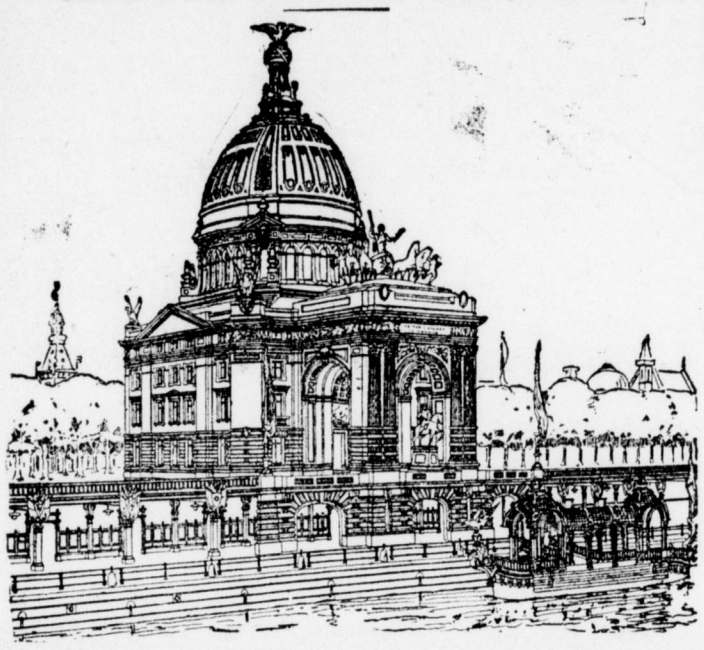
The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, SYRUP OF FIGS, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectually, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constipation permanently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.
For sale by all Druggists.—Price 50c. per bottle.

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

UNITED STATES PAVILION AT PARIS EXPOSITION.



This drawing, just from the French capital, gives a new and complete picture of the American national building with its ornamental accessories.

Y. P. C. U. CONVENTION.

Proceedings of the Second Day's Session—850,000 Thank Offering.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 5.—Interesting departmental conferences yesterday occupied the attention of the delegates to the Young People's Christian Union convention during the forenoon session of the second day of the convention. Five conferences relating to the work of as many departments were held in various churches.

At the afternoon session Marion Lawrence, general secretary of the Ohio Sabbath School association, made an address on "The Right Hand of the Church," and a general conference on Sunday schools was conducted by Robert Rutledge, of St. Louis.

At the evening session Miss Margaret Leitch, of Philadelphia, who is a returned missionary from Ceylon, delivered an address on "Forward Movement in Missions." This was followed by the raising of the tenth anniversary thank offering, which had been fixed by the committee at $50,000. There were $14,000 in the treasury at the opening of this special service and contributions to complete the required amount began pouring in as soon as it was announced that subscriptions were in order. Church after church followed in quick succession with their pledges and when adjournment of the session was reached General Secretary D. F. McGill gave the assurance that the full amount would be collected before the year was out.

THE YELLOW METAL.

Estimate of the World's Gold Production for 1898.

Washington, Aug. 5.—The director of the mint has nearly completed his estimate of the world's gold production for the year 1898. The data at hand seems to warrant the conclusion that the production will amount to at least $294,000,000 and possibly $295,000,000. Africa leads all other countries with $80,300,000, with Australia second with $67,500,000, and the United States third with $64,463,000. Russia is credited with $25,000,000, Mexico with $10,000,000 and Canada, including the Klondike, with $14,000,000.

Of the $14,000,000 credited to Canada in 1898 about $10,000,000 came out of the Klondike and in the estimate of the production of the United States during the last year $2,524,000 came from Alaska. In 1896, and for nearly 50 years previously the United States occupied the first place in the world's production of gold. In that year the output of the world was estimated at $202,682,000. These figures are subject to revision in making up the final estimate, but are believed to be approximately correct.

Burglars Make a Big Haul.

Wellsboro, W. Va., Aug. 5.—Four masked burglars forced their way into the lonely farm house of Mr. Josiah Parkinson some time during Thursday night, and after blindfolding, binding and gagging the inmates, who were all women, a careful search for valuables was made. The robbers secured government bonds valued at $10,500; $75 in money and a lot of silverware and jewelry. They then locked the women in an upstairs room and hastily drove off. There is no clew to their identity.

Situation Serious.

Port Au Prince, Hayti, Aug. 5.—The affair of the recent violation of the American legation here by armed police who were seeking to arrest Du Vivier, the newspaper man, has not been definitely settled. It is understood that the American minister, W. F. Powell, will demand full reparation for the outrage. Mr. Powell, when interrogated by a correspondent declined to go into particulars, but said the situation was serious.

Made a Record.

Washington, Aug. 5.—During 1898 the United States made a record in lead production according to the geological survey report issued Friday, the total mine product being 222,000 short tons or 10,000 tons more than in the previous year. The total production of marketable lead in the United States was 310,621 short tons.

Heat Prostrations.

Cincinnati, Aug. 5.—The heat wave is unbroken. The thermometer registered 96 at 1 p. m. Friday. There were nine prostrations but none resulted fatally.

Beck Goes to Brooklyn.

Toledo, Aug. 5.—Erv. Beck, Toledo's second baseman, was sold Friday to the Brooklyns. Beck will finish the season with the Toledos.

ONLY TWO DEATHS

Yellow Fever Situation at Soldiers' Home.

NO NEW CASES REPORTED

Strict Quarantine is Maintained by the Authorities.

SEEMS TO BE CHECKED

Surgeon General Wyman Utters a Word of Caution Against Too Sanguinary Views of Checking the Epidemic.

Washington Aug. 5.—Official reports to the marine hospital service from the soldiers' home at Hampton show that the yellow fever situation there continues favorable. Surgeon White reports to Dr. Wyman that there is nothing suspicious in the town of Hampton. There were no new cases and only two deaths at the home Friday, according to a report from Dr. Vickery, the surgeon at the institution, sent to the surgeon general last night. Dr. Vickery expressed the opinion that the immune help on their way there should be sufficient as the epidemic seems to be checked. The cordon around the home and the immediately adjoining village of Phoebus, Surgeon White says, is as tight as he ever saw it at any place.

Surgeon General Wyman, in speaking of the situation last night, inferentially uttered a word of caution against too sanguinary views of the checking of the epidemic at this time which might result in a relaxation of the precautions which should be maintained against the spread of the fever. He said: "There are certain factors in the situation which make it encouraging and they are first that the disease was discovered very promptly compared with usual outbreaks and in an institution where all the inmates were under good control. It was recognized much quicker than it would have been in a commercial community, because all the cases and all the deaths were brought together to the notice of one man. Another favorable factor is that the latitude is not exteremely south. Nevertheless it should be remembered that in Brunswick Ga., in 1893, a little more than two weeks after the last reported death other cases appeared.'

The marine hospital received word Friday that several hundred tents and a quantity of cots had been turned over to the Hampton home from Fort Monroe to allow the camping out of about 1,500 of the inmates in the home grounds while the barracks are being disinfected.

Extensive Improvements Contemplated.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 5.—Three surveying coprs have been started out by the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co., under the direction of Chief Engineer W. T. Manning, of the Pittsburg & Western Railroad Co., to make a complete survey of the main line of the Pittsburg & Warren, between Pittsburg and Akron. The survey will require six months to complete, and then extensive improvements costing several million dollars are contemplated.

Wants the Report Denied.

Cowes, Aug. 5.—Lieut. Winston L. Churchill, the son of Lady Randolph Churchill, asks the Associated Press to deny the reported engagement of his mother to Lieut. G. F. West, brother of Princess Henry of Pless. Neither Lady Churchill nor Lieut. West has been seen about it since the engagement was reported.

After Insurance Companies.

Jefferson City, Mo., Aug. 5.—Attorney General Crow has instituted quo warranto proceedings in the supreme court for a writ of ouster against 39 more insurance companies doing business in Missouri for violation of the state anti-trust law by being members of the Social Underwriters' club of St. Joseph, Mo. The home offices of these companies are located in the principal cities of the country.

A Presidential Office.

Washington, Aug. 5.—The post office at Carthage, O., will be taken from the fourth class and made presidential on October 1.

STATE TICKETS.

Democrats of Maryland and Republicans of Iowa Hold Conventions.

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 3.—The democratic state convention, which was held at Ford's opera house in this city Wednesday, resulted in the nomination of the following ticket: For governor, John W. Smith, of Worcester county; for attorney general, Isidor Rayner, of Baltimore; for comptroller, Joshua W. Hering, of Carroll county. The convention was unusually harmonious and all the nominations were made by acclamation, Edwin Warfield, Mr. Smith's principal opponent, withdrawing at the last moment and placing the successful candidate in nomination.

The platform demands the freedom of the press in time of war as well as in peace and the rights of the people to criticise the policy of the administration; declares against a large standing army in time of peace; views with alarm the multiplication over the land of such gigantic, industrial and commercial trusts as stifle competition, threaten popular government, increase the cost of living and curtail the individual rights of the people, and favor vigorous measures by the the state and by congress to repress this great and growing evil; declares that the republican party is responsible for the numerous violations of the law upon the negroes in the past, because the latter believe they will be offered protection and immunity from punishment by reason of their votes which the platform asserts are cast solidly for the republican ticket.

John W. Smth, the nominee for governor, is a banker and resides in Snow Hill, Worcester county. He has served in the state senate for three consecutive terms and was elected to congress last November from the First district. Isador Raynor, for attorney general, is a lawyer and has long been prominent in the political and social circles of the state. He served in the Fiftieth, Fifty-second and Fifty-third congresses and is regarded as one of the best political orators of Maryland. All the candidates are favorable to a gold standard.

Des Moines, Ia., Aug. 3.—The republican state convention yesterday nominated the following ticket: Governor, L. M. Shaw, of Denison; lieutenant governor, J. C. Milliman, of Logan; superintendent of public instruction, R. C. Barrett, of Osage; railroad commissioner, E. A. Dawson, of Waverly; supreme court judge, John S. Sherwin, of Mason City. The first four nominees are the present incumbents and were named by acclamation. Judge Sherwin was nominated on the fourth ballot.

After approving the administrations of President McKinley and Gov. Shaw the resolutions commend the action of the Iowa delegation in congress in its suport of protection, of the Dingley tariff, of the maintenance of the administration of President McKinley in his policy in peace and war.

The following declaration from the Iowa republican platform of 1898 was readopted: "The monetary standard of this country and of the commercial world is gold. The permanence of this standard must be assured by congressional legislation giving to it the validity and vitality of public law. All other money must be kept at a parity with gold."

AMERICAN TEA.

Report From the Experimental Garden in South Carolina.

Washington, Aug. 3.—Dr. Charles U. Shepard, who is in charge of the experimental tea garden at Summerville, S. C., has made a report to the secretary of agriculture covering the progress made up to date. He says there are now about 50 acres of land under tea cultivation and that 3,000 pounds were sold last year under a profit of 25 per cent. It is estimated that when all the plants now growing arrive at maturity they will yield 10,000 pounds annually.

Dr. Shepard expressed the opinion that the fact that the tea plants lived through last winter when the most intensely cold weather in the history of the section was experienced is a guarantee that the weather conditions will prove satisfactory. The labor problem, he says, has been solved by establishing a school for the education of negro children in tea picking. The quality of the tea also has proved satisfactory. Of the black tea he says: "It has a distinctly characteristic flavor, and, like some of the choice oriental teas, its liquor has more strength than its color indicates." The green tea, he says, has attracted keen interest in the trade and among consumers and he adds that "Oriental teas can hardly furnish the like in this country."

Free Instruction.

Havana, Aug. 3.—A Cuban committee has started out with the intention of giving the natives free instruction on certain points. The members of the committe say a definite form of government will soon be determined upon, and urge every citizen to at least learn to write, pointing out that there is no question now of fighting for independence, but that every man must say clearly what he wishes in regard to the future of the island, adding that they will only have themselves to blame if on account of apathy they have to confess they are incapable of their own social and political regeneration.

A New World's Record.

Columbus, O., Aug. 3.—Yesterday was a day of great racing at the Columbus Driving park. Searchlight paced the three fastest heats of the season, 2:03¼, 2:04¼ and 2:04, and clipped a half second off his record. The Maid created a sensation among the turf men by winning the postponed 2:10 race after failing to finish better than third in any one of the for heats paced Tuesday. The Maid also established a new world's record for 4-year-old mares when she paced the fifth heat of the race in 2:05¾.

A ROYAL WELCOME.

It is Given Gen. Alger Upon His Return to Detroit.

Detroit, Aug. 3.—Whatever may have been the personal feelings of the late secretary of war, Gen. Russell A. Alger, concerning recent incidents of his official career, all sentiments save those of genuine happiness were very evidently banished Tuesday afternoon and evening by the magnificent welcome tendered him by the people of his own city and state. From 4 o'clock when the welcomers crowded into his private car upon its arrival at Toledo until 9 o'clock when the general ceased grasping outstretched hands, the scene was a constant ovation. Smiles and tears repeatedly struggled for the mastery over the secretary's face as he gazed into the eager faces of the multitude which loudly and convincingly insisted that "Alger's all right," and no dissonant voice was heard. Darkness fell during the speeches from the reviewing stand in front of the city hall, giving oportunity for throwing a searchlight upon the features of Gen. Alger, drawn in crayon on a canvass 16 feet square hung from the city hall front and surrounded by patriotic decorations. A great crush at the indoor reception was the final feature.

The special train which met Gen. Alger and party at Toledo consisted of eight coaches. It caried 400 members of the reception committee. Banners stretched along the sides of the cars stated that "Michigan welcomed her honored son, Gen. Alger." When the Pennsylvania train arived the general's private car was besieged by his old friends. On the return trip Gen. Alger was escorted through the train and greeted by all.

The closing scene was a reception in the City Hall corridor. Mrs. Alger and a score of other ladies with several of the general's relatives viewed the scene from a canopied decorated platform built into the main stairway and thousands pushed past and grasped Gen. Alger's hand.

TOWN DESTROYED.

Violent Wind and Rain Storm Visits Florida.

Tallahassee, Fla., Aug. 3.—The town of Carrielle, a prosperous port on the Gulf of Mexico, southwest of this city, is reported almost completely destroyed by a wind and rain storm which passed through this section Tuesday night. Many boats which were in the harbor have been wrecked and most of the long wharf is gone together with large quantities of naval stores.

At Lanark, the boat houses, pavilion and boats have been destroyed. Unconfirmed reports say that the steamer Crescent City has been lost between Apalachicola and Carribelle. Several persons were reported drowned at St. Marks. A few houses were destroyed at St. Teresa. The McIntyre, Ashmore and Curtis mills suffered severely. A passenger train on the Carribelle, Tallahasse & Gulf railroad, 35 miles below Tallahassee, was blown from the track and wrecked, but no one is reported killed or injured.

A new trestle over the Ochlocknee river at McIntyre was blown away. The wrecking train which went out yesterday into the stricken territory found over 200 trees on the track in a run of 30 miles. General Manager Crittenden who had charge of the train, says that every town along the line is desolated. Hotels, houses, sawmills, wharves and pavilions were blown from their positions and in many instances completely wrecked. There are many rumors afloat here as to the loss of life. One mill hand is known to be drowned at McIntyre. One man was drowned at St. Marks but rumors place the loss of life at 15.

BOLD ROBBERY.

Four Highwaymen Hold Up a Large Crowd in the Streets of Corry, Pa.

Buffalo, Aug. 3.—A special to the Express from Corry, Pa., says: A bold highway robbery took place in this city at 11 o'clock Tuesday night, when patrons of the Pawnee Bill show were returning to their homes. Four armed men held up 500 people. The robery took place on Center street. The robbers had destroyed the light leaving the road in darkness, and with drawn revolvers they proceded to stop the people and carriages, blockading the street until at least 500 people were held up. Charles Barton, a hackman, made an attempt to drive on. The four men opened fire upon him, but none of the bullets took effect. The people in the rear of the crowd, hearing the shots, became panic stricken and made a rush for their lives. A man named Smith, a peanut vender, was relieved of about $60. From a stranger who would not give his name was taken about $200. The highwaymen were not caught.

Electrocuted.

Auburn, N. Y., Aug. 3.—Oscar E. Rice, a white man, and John Kennedy, a negro, were put to death by electricity in the prison here Wednesday. The two executions took place within 20 minutes. Rice was supported to the electric chair at 5:13 a. m. in a state of collapse, but Kennedy walked without assistance. A current of 1,750 volts was sent through Rice's body for 51 seconds. The same current was kept on 9 seconds longer for Kennedy. The executions were successful and there was no unusual incident. Rice killed his wife and Kennedy stabbed another negro to death.

Will Make Coke.

Pittsburg, Aug. 3.—Pittsburg and eastern capitalists have just purchased 4,000 acres of coal land in Westmoreland county, the consideration being $1,400,000. It is the intention of the new company to make coke of the coal and to begin operations at once. Another big deal was also concluded at Uniontown, Pa., by which W. J. Rainey, the Cleveland coke manufacturer, acquired 1,234 acres of land from the Federal Steel Co. The price paid was $1,250,000. Rainey will soon begin the erection of a large plant on the tract

JOHN PAUL JONES.

No One Can Tell Where the Bones of the Famous Naval Hero Are Deposited.

Inquiry was recently made at the state department in regard to the grave of John Paul Jones, the great naval hero of revolutionary days, who died in Paris July 18, 1792. He was buried there with the highest honors by the French government, but it appears that the present location of his grave is not known.

The secretary of state recently addressed a letter to Henry Vignaud, of the United States embassy in Paris,

JOHN PAUL JONES.
(One of the Greatest Naval Heroes of the World.)

asking whether the grave of John Paul Jones in Paris is known and marked. He has received a reply from Mr. Vignaud saying that, although he has made earnest and frequent inquiries of the city authorities in regard to the matter, he has been unable to discover the whereabouts of the grave. One thing established by his inquiries, however, he says, is that John Paul Jones was not buried in the cemetery where the remains of LaFayette lie, as has been supposed by some people. In another quarter it is intimated that owing to a custom prevailing in Paris, the remains of John Paul Jones were deposited in a rented grave for a term of years, and that upon the expiration of the lease a great many years ago the bones of this distinguished American patriot were thrown into the potter's field.

John Paul Jones was one of the greatest of the naval heroes of the world. His name was really not Jones at all, but John Paul, and much as Rudyard Kipling has abused him, he was really not an American, but a born Scotsman. When he was 12 years old Paul was apprenticed to a shipmaster engaged in the American trade. He was afterward third mate on a slaver and master of a trader. A bold, brave heart, he could not restrain himself from participation in the rebellion against the English crown, and he secured an appointment as senior lieutenant in the United States navy, and was assigned to the flagship Alfred.

Jones' operations were conducted from France against England, and two of his most notable adventures were his attempts to abduct the earl of Selkirk and his action with the Serapis and Scarborough fleet of English ships in August, 1779.

After his victory Jones was received in France with the highest honors. The king gave him a cross and a sword, and congress a vote of thanks and the command of the new frigate America. In 1787 Jones returned to America and was given a gold medal by the congress. He returned to Europe a year later, and engaged himself as a rear admiral in the service of Russia. He died at Paris July 18, 1792.

THE DUKE OF ALBANY.

Young British Prince Who Will Succeed to the Dukedom of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha.

It is now practically decided that his royal highness the young duke of Albany will succeed to the dukedom of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha. Prince Leopold Charles Edward George Albert,

THE DUKE OF ALBANY.
(Heir-Presumptive to the Throne of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha.)

duke of Albany, earl of Clarence and baron Arklow, prince of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland duke of Saxony, prince of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, was born at Claremont on July 19, 1884, succeeding his father, the late Prince Leopold, as second duke at his birth. The late Prince Leopold, her majesty's fourth son, was created a peer of the United Kingdom in May 1881. He married in 1882 Princess Helene Frederica Augusta, daughter of the late George Victor, reigning prince of Waldeck and Pyrmont. The duke of Albany is at present at Eton, but will complete his education in Germany. He is said to be more amenable to the idea of the succession than was his cousin, Prince Arthur, of Connaught. This arrangement is, no doubt, the best that could be made

THE COBRA'S POISON.

To Be Used Extensively as a Cure for Leprosy.

Former Army Surgeon Explains Why the New Remedy Is Entitled to Consideration — Strange Cures in India.

If Dr. Thomas J. Biggs, a former surgeon of the United States army, is on the right track, the new century will rejoice to see the dread scourge of leprosy, if not totally removed from among the host of ills to which flesh is heir, at least reduced to a minimum. Startling as this announcement may seem, stranger still is the means which Dr. Biggs proposes to employ to rid suffering humanity of the awful pest. The remedy whose effectiveness he hopes to demonstrate is nothing more nor less than the deadly venom of the cobra.

"It was Dr. Bardoni, of Turin, who first discovered the bacillus of leprosy, a pencil-shaped microbe resembling that of tuberculosis, but having one end thicker than the other, and inclosed in a sheath or cell," said Dr. Biggs, when asked about his plans. "This sheath may account for its amazing longevity, for not even the bacillus of tetanus has a greater power of surviving under all conditions. Dr. Bardoni and others attempted to cure leprosy by inoculation, but after some years of experiment the idea was given up, the results not justifying the effort. Where the soil is adapted to the culture leprosy will flourish amazingly, but in blood that is strangely proof against the leprous bacillus, inoculation is useless.

"In India a maimed man is an outcast; and so dreaded is leprosy that, according to Hindoo law and more potent custom among the fanatical hill tribes, a man who has leprosy in the incipient stages has the honorable alternative of suffering himself to be buried alive and ascending to the realms of the gods, where he is purified and

NEW LEPROSY CURE.
(Scientists Securing Venom from a Live Cobra.)

survives in everlasting bliss, or he can suffer himself to be bitten by the deadly groove-fanged Naji tripudians, or cobra of fame. This is done with the hope that on recovery from the venom of the snake the leprous signs will disappear. Whichever method is employed, it is conducted with some considerable ceremony and decorum proper to an execution. In the latter case a fine young cobra, or a hooded, dusky hamadryad, is taken from the jungle, starved and prodded into fury. The leper thrusts out his forearm and takes the full charge of the deadly venom sac, and then proceeds to fill himself with the most efficacious intoxicant at hand, generally the toddy made from the bud of the cocoanut, a most speedy and lasting soporific.

"But what was thought to be a means of suicide among the savage hill tribes of India turned out to be a curious and noteworthy phenomenon. Three out of five lepers recovered from the bite, and, strange to relate, from the dreaded leprosy, too. It is demonstrable on scientific grounds. The cobra venom is a subtle fluid to which all animal life succumbs. It begins immediately to destroy every vital function, and so indestructible is it that it may be boiled, frozen, mixed with corrosives, diluted or taken from the hundredth innoculation, yet it survives all. It is like curing like, carried to the superlative. Thus the bacillus of deadly leprosy succumbs to the deadly venom of the serpent, and that in turn yields to large doses of alcohol.

"The treatment is far from infallible, but, with proper food, care and exercise of professional judgment, there is no reason why the standard should not show 90 per cent of successes, if the leprous patients can be discovered and treated in the incipient stages. Those upon whom I have operated with the serum of deadly serpents have been too far advanced in the disease to derive permanent benefit; but several new cases have been reported to me in various parts of the country, and I shall, either personally or through my assistants, proceed immediately with these experiments. Professional colleagues also are at work in various parts of the world, and I am in communication with them on this important scientific problem of the age. We hope for speedy and satisfactory results."

Growth of Life Insurance.

In ten years American life insurance companies have doubled their assets, the amount rising from $657,128,442 in 1888 to $1,344,901,198 in 1898. The increase has been decidedly the greatest since prosperity returned in the country.

Street of Undertakers.

In every city or town in the Netherlands you will find a Rosemary street. In olden days only undertakers lived in them, the rosemary being, in the language of flowers, specially dedicated to the dead.

Cameron County Press.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
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Political Announcements.

All Announcements under this head must be signed by the candidate and paid in advance to insure publication.

County Commissioner.

Having lived in this county nearly all my life and never having asked for, or held, a county office, I have taken this opportunity to offer myself as candidate for County Commissioner, subject to decision of the Republican County Convention.

DELOS BURLINGAME.

Sizerville, Pa., Feb. 20, 1899.

"I have brought these boys 8,000 miles from home and will stay with them," is what Col. Hawkins said when urged to return to Pennsylvania and take his seat in the State Senate. Then his surgeon told him his life depended on his going home at once, Col. Hawkins said: "No I will go home with my regiment, dead or alive," Speaking of the approaching reception of the command, "I would rather be Col. of the Tenth" he said, "and marching through the streets of Pittsburg at its head, than to be President of the United States."

"We have already two thousand miles of Occidental frontage, with Alaska away up north and Hawaii away out at sea; and we couldn't get away from the world-movements in the Pacific if we would. But we do not want to," says the Louisville Courier-Journal. "We are there now and we mean to stay there. We shall be there a century hence unless some Power turns up strong enough to drive us out. No party that proposes to lower the national record, or to trail its standard in the dust, will be sustained by the people, or ought to be sustained."

"Up Against the Real Thing."

One of the most impressive among the many showings of prosperity with which the American people are nowadays so frequently regaled after two full years of restored Protection, is that made in the news columns of the New York "Sun," of July 29. With its characteristic enterprise and and sagacity the "Sun," always keenly alive to matters of genuine public interest, has gathered from correspondents in various business centers some very significant facts as to the abnormal activity which prevails among the railroads of the United States. No one needs to be told that when the great inland transportation systems are rushed with business and straining to increase their facilities to meet an increased demand, everybody else must be extremely busy. Railroad business is a sure index of general business.

From Chicago the report is that every railroad entering that city to-day needs more cars than it has or can get to meet the demands of shippers. This condition is not due to any great and sudden increase in any particular traffic but is due to the steady growth of all kinds of traffic. From all indications the year 1899 will eclipse all former years in the volume of business done by the railroads, the increase in traffic as compared with that of several years previous being considered almost phenomenal; but there is almost as great an increase in earnings so far this year over those of the corresponding period of last year as was the case of 1898 over. All the railroads which build their own freight cars have kept full forces at work in the shops, but they could not turn out cars fast enough to supply the demand and orders were placed with car manufacturing companies which will keep most of them busy for the remainder of the year, if not longer.

Here is a curiously suggestive fact stated by an official of one of the big Western railways:

More pianos were shipped over our road from Chicago to the West and Southwest in the last three months than the entire number in the years from 1894 to 1897. This is good proof of the prosperity of the farmer, for a piano is a luxury in which he does not indulge as soon as he gets a few hundred dollars ahead. Our traffic in farming machinery was never so large as it has been this year and our crop reports made it certain that the investments in machinery were well made.

When the farmers buy pianos they are "on Easy street." No doubt of that.

Another railroad manager said: "If we could borrow or hire from 5,000 to 10,000 box cars we could find immediate use for all of them."

At Detroit an official declared that in twenty years his road has "never seen a condition like the present. Ordinarily at this time of the year we are not burdened with a surplus of business and rather have difficulty in finding a place to store our empty freight cars than to employ all our energies to find cars enough to carry the business offered to us. We are certainly behind on a visible supply of cars requisite to carry the freight which we can get without any solicitation."

Baltimore reports a scarcity of cars with which to move the tremendous business present and prospective. At Buffalo the freight traffic is far in excess of the supply of cars. Thousands of extra cars could be used but they are not to be found. At Philadelphia a trunk line official testifies to a great increase on all the lines of his road. Speaking of the lines east of Pittsburg, he said:

I am convinced that the present prosperity is lasting for the reason that the increase of business is not confined to a particular locality. It is general. For instance, on all the stations of our road there is a substantial betterment. Some of the offices report an increase of 7 per cent., others 15 per cent., many from 50 to 75 per cent., some 100 per cent., and one as high as 216 per cent.

While, as these reports show, our business is much in excess of that of last year, we have not experienced any great difficulty in getting cars to handle the freight thus far, but there will be a scarcity of cars in the latter part of September or October. How serious it will be I have no means of telling at this time. As a matter of fact we have very largely inceased our equipment this year, and, of course, that has aided us in handling the increased business, but in some kinds of cars there has already been a scarcity.

It is now but twenty-nine months since William McKinley took his seat as President of the United States; only a few days more than two years since the Dingley Tariff was enacted. Contrast, if you can, present conditions with those which existed twenty-nine months after the inauguration of Grover Cleveland in 1893 and twenty-four months after the enactment of the all-destroying Wilson-Gorman Tariff law. Ten billions of dollars would not suffice to measure the increase in individual, corporate and national wealth which has taken place since the restoration of Protection as the American policy. Probably twenty billions would fall below the mark.

Verily, is it true, in the eupheistic phraseology of the cartoon which appears in the American Economist, that William Jennings Brgan, bestriding the Free-Silver and Free-Trade ass of his party, finds his progress to the White House barred by a solid wall of prosperity and is "Up Against the Real Thing Now."—American Economist.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7th, 1899.

When the circumstances under which Secretary Root passed his first week at the head of the War Department are considered, one wonders that so few plans have been manufactured for him by the correspondents of the yellow journals, which insist upon printing Washington news whether there is any or not. Owing to the absence of the President and nearly all the members of the Cabinet, there has been a dearth of official news, and Secretary Root has been too busy posting himself to talk about his plans. That the yellows should proceed to make a few plans for him was as natural as that water will run down hill, and the only surprising thing was that they did not make them more sensational. At the proper time, Secretary Root's official acts will show the country his intentions.

The consular agents of the U. S. are not only expected to keep us posted on trade conditions in the countries to which they are accredited, but also upon everything in the line of progress in every branch of human activity. The Department of State has received the following concerning a new treatment for consumption, from the U. S. Commercial agent at Roubaix, France: A new method of treating bronchial and pulmonary diseases, has been called to the attention of the Academy of Medicine, by Dr. Mendel. The treatment is especially recommended for tuberculosis. It consists of injecting daily into the bronchial tubes essence of eucalyptus, thyme and cinnamon held in solution in olive oil. The oil in decending slowly comes in contact with the walls of the tubes and the upper lungs. The gas that is set free saturates the air in the lungs and acts on the mucus membranes as far as the air penetrates. Sixteen tuberculosis and two with bronchitis have been given this treatment, and in each case, after one or two weeks, a lessening or complete cessation of the cough and expectoration, as well as a return of sleep, appetite and strength has been noted."

Representative Burke, of S. D., who is in Washington on business, says his state can be put in the sure Republican column; and speaking of the outlook, he said: "Outside of Colorado, I do not believe there is a single northwestern state that Mr Bryan can carry. I consider that President McKinley's renomination and re-election are foregone conclusions. The administration is popular in the northwest. Our people have fallen upon prosperous times, and they are not inclined to turn the government over to the opposition, which always promises so much and performs so little."

A conference will be held in Washington this week which will probably result in an immediate start being made in the taking of the census of Cuba. Those who will participate in the conference will be Secretary Root, Assistant Secretary Meiklejohn, Inspector General Sanger, who will have immediate supervision of the work, several representatives of the Census Bureau and the Cuban Supervisors recently appointed by Gen. Brooke. As has been stated, this census is to be taken to get at the voting population of Cuba, and as soon after its completion, municipal elections will be held over there. Although our Census Bureau officials are acting in an advisory capacity in this matter, the Cuban census will have no connection with our census, and will be taken under military supervision.

The following opinion, by Mr. J. T. Gillispie, an observant citizen of Mass., who has just returned from a trip to Russia, and who is now in Washington, is both interesting and pertinent: "With all her professed friendship for the U. S., Russia does not tolerate American missionaries within her borders. Russia is pre-eminently selfish in all her aims, and her ambitions are far more stupendous than people in this country have any idea of. She dreams of the time when she will dominate not only the whole of China, but India, Persia, and Turkey as well. The building of the great Siberian railway is nothing but a scheme of conquest. Russia courts the friendship of the U. S., because she fears that when the inevitable conflict between the Slave and the Briton comes on, the U. S., may side with the mother country. Down in their hearts the Russians care no more for us than they do the English, and whenever they think the hour is ripe, they will push us aside in the Orient, just as ruthlessly as they will John Bull. They bide their time, being a patient and cunning race, but in the meantime it suits them to appear to be our friends."

EXCURSION NOTICES.

Extension of Limit on Pennsylvania Railroad Seashore Excursion Tickets.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company announces that the return limit on tickets from Lock Haven, Erie and intermediate points, for the special excursions of August 10 and 24, to Atlantic City, Cape May, Sea Isle City, Ocean City, Avalon, Anglesea, Wildwood, or Holly Beach, has been extended from ten days to fifteen days, thus allowing excursionists five days longer by the sea. 1393-24-2t

Through Sleeping Cars to the Thousand Islands, August 19th.

The W. N. Y. & P. Ry., will run their last popular Vacation Excursion to the Thousand Islands and the St. Lawrence River, Saturday, August 19th. Tickets good returning ten days, will be sold at the low rate of $6.50 from Emporium. Train leaves 1:45 p. m. These excursions offer the cheapest and most delightful vacation outings. Arrangements have been made for through sleeping cars; rate per berth from Olean, $2.00. Secure space of W. N. Y. & P. Ry. agents in advance to insure accommodations. 21-5t

Reduced Rates Via Pennsylvania Railroad for Mount Gretna Farmers' Exposition

On account of the Farmers' Exposition, to be held at Mt. Gretna, Pa., August 14 to 19, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell round-trip tickets to Mount Gretna and return, *at rate of one fare for the round trip*, from principal stations between East Liberty and Bryn Mawr; on the Northern Central Railway north of and including Lutherville, and on the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad Division east of and including Waterford. Tickets will be sold August 12 to 19, good to return until August 21, inclusive.

For information in regard to train service and specific rates application should be made to ticket Agents. 1402-24-2t

Reduced Rates to Grangers' Picnic at Williams' Grove via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the Twenty-sixth Annual Inter-State Grange Picnic Exhibition, to be held at Williams' Grove, Pa., August 28 to September 2, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets from August 26 to September 2, inclusive, good to return until September 4, inclusive, *at rate of one fare for the round trip*, from principal stations between East Liberty and Bryn Mawr; on the Northern Central Railway north of and including Lutherville, and on the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad Division east of and including Waterford.

For information in regard to train service and specific rates application should be made to ticket agents. 1403-24-2t

Portage Falls Excursion $1.00.

On Sundays, July 2nd, 16th, 30th, August 13th and 27th, the W. N. Y. & P. Ry., will run popular excursions to Portage Falls.

Special trains will leave Emporium at 8:00 a. m. Fare, $1.00. Trains will arrive at Portage Falls Park 11:30 a. m. Returning, leave 5.15 p. m., giving nearly six hours to visit the Falls and their delightful surroundings. A band of music will accompany each excursion and give a free concert at the Park during the afternoon. 18-9t

G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT, PHILADELPHIA.

Reduced Rates via Pennsylvania Railroad.

On account of the Thirty-third Annual Encompment of the Grand Army of the Republic, to be held at Philadelphia on September 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets from points on its line to Philadelphia, at rate of single fare for the round trip, except that the fare from New York and Baltimore will be $3; from Newark, N. J., $2.85; from Elizabeth; N. J., $2.75 and proportionate rates from intermediate points.

Tickets will be sold on September 2, 3, 4, and 5, good to return until September 12, inclusive; but by depositing ticket with joint agent at Philadelphia on September 5, 6, 7, 8, or 9, and the payment of fifty cents, return limit may be extended to September 30, inclusive.

SIDE TRIPS.

Tickets for side trips to Washington, Old Point Comfort, Gettysburg, Antietam, and Virginia battlefields will also be sold at greatly reduced rates. 1392-24-3t

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to the public that my wife, BERTHA, having left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, I will not pay any bills of her contracting and hereby forbid any person harboring or trusting her on my account.

ROBERT PRENTIS.

Emporium, Pa., July 31, 1899.—3t.

Allegheny College

Founded in 1815

Good Traditions. Strong Faculty. Unsurpassed Location. Expenses Reasonable.

Fall Term opens September 19th.

Catalogue sent free of charge to any address on application to

President Crawford,
Meadville, Pa.

BOARDING HOUSE.

707 VINE STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA.,
OPPOSITE FRANKLIN SQUARE.

Cameron county people visiting Philadelphia will find this a convenient and central location. Terms $1.00 per day. Reference, by permission, to PRESS office, Emporium.

MRS. S. B. KING.

No. 7-26t

H. A. ZARPS & CO.,
THE
Fair Store,

Will sell all

SUMMER GOODS

AT

REDUCED PRICES

to close out stock.

Special bargains in

LADIES SHIRT WAISTS AND WRAPPERS.

The largest and most handsome line of China and Glass Goods to be found in this section of the state. Anything you want in this line.

JORDAN BROS.,

No 43, W. Fifth St.,

We carry a complete line of

Staple and Fancy Groceries,
Dry Goods,
Salt and Smoked Meats,
Fruit in Season,
Tobacco, Cigars,
Confectionery and School Supplies.

We would be pleased to have you call and inspect our stock whether you purchase or not.

Goods delivered anywhere in town free of charge.

JORDAN BROS.

$8,500.00.

The entire stock of

H. C. OLMSTED

Amounting to $8,500, consisting of

Dry Goods,
Dress Goods,
Carpets,
Lace Curtains,
Shoes, Etc.,

Has been assigned to me and must be sold as speedily as possible.

GREAT BARGAINS IN ALL LINES.

Your Opportunity

C. JAY GOODNOUGH,

ASSIGNE

D. E. OLMSTED,

NEAR ODD FELLOWS HALL.

In preparation for the fall trade we shall make

GREAT REDUCTIONS IN PRICES.

And give an opportunity for customers to make purchases of needful goods, and so save the great advance which is sure on

Fall Goods.

COME EARLY.

D. E. Olmsted,

EMPORIUM, PA.

DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN CURES CONSTIPATION.

THE PEOPLE'S

Clothing House

is closing out

Summer Clothing and Furnishings,

At greatly reduced prices to make room for Fall Goods.

Remember the place.

JASPER HARRIS,

PROPRIETOR.

Metzger Block, Opp. Post-office.

EMPORIUM, PA.

Get an Education

An exceptional opportunity offered to young men and young women to prepare for teaching or for business. Four regular courses; also special work in Music, Shorthand, Typewriting. Strong teaching force, well graded work, good discipline and hard study, insure best results to students of

Central State Normal School

LOCK HAVEN, Clinton Co., PA.

Handsome buildings perfectly equipped, steam heat, electric lights, abundance of pure mountain water, extensive campus and athletic grounds. Expenses low. State aid to students. Send for catalog.

JAMES ELDON, Ph.D., Principal.
Central State Normal School,
LOCK HAVEN, PA.

Blend most softly and play most effectively over a festive scene when thrown by waxen candles.

The light that heightens beauty's charm, that gives the finished touch to the drawing room or dining room, is the mellow glow of

BANQUET WAX CANDLES

Sold in all colors and shades to harmonize with any interior hangings or decorations.

Manufactured by
STANDARD OIL CO.
For sale everywhere.

J. A. Fisher,
PRACTICAL
Horse Shoer,

Broad Street, Emporium, Pa.

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMPORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.
At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..

WHY NOT GET STRONG?

Strength is purchasable. You pay the doctor to tell you how to get it. He prescribes and we carry out his orders. There are only three of us responsible. If the doctor is right and you follow directions, your health is assured. We know our part is done right. No other way of doing suits us.

R. C. DODSON.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.
Emporium, Pa., June 15, 1899.

NEMOPHILA, per sack,	$1 20
Graham, "	60
Rye, "	60
Buckwheat, "	65
Patent Meal, "	40
Coarse Meal, per 100,	95
Chop Feed, "	95
White Middlings, "	1 00
Bran, "	95
Corn, per bushel,	53
White Oats, per bushel,	40
Choice Clover Seed,	At Market Prices.
Choice Timothy Seed,	
Choice Millet Seed,	
Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card, or letter, personally.

J. P. Felt transacted business at Olean on Monday.

Harry Derby sprained his right foot while playing ball on Monday.

J. A. Keilmer and Ed. Weymouth, of Renovo, visited in Emporium last Sunday.

Dan'l McCormick, of Austin, was in Emporium yesterday visiting with friends.

Dr. Wm. Kaul, of St. Marys, visited Emporium on professional business last Monday.

Martin Foster, one of the foremen at ot furnace visited his family at Lebanon over Sunday.

Miss Esther Chew, of Bradford, is visiting her sister Mrs A. McInnes, Jr., on Fourth street.

James Wright an experienced furnaceman came to Emporium on Tuesday, from Lebanon.

George Rishell came down from Erie last Saturday and visited with his brother, Charles and wife.

Mrs. Ella L. Hackett, of East Emporium visited Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Allen this week.—Port Allegany Reporter.

Miss Ada Hacket, of Buffalo, is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. D. Murry and family on Third street.

Dr. J. M. Card has opened a dental office at Olean and has left for that place. Edgar Newton accompanied him.

Ralph Smutz, the obliging clerk at Day's grocery, returned on Friday evening from a ten day's visit at his home in Tideoute.

Mrs. Chas. M. Roy, of Baltimore, with her children, is visiting her brother, Rev. Wilford P. Shriner, at the M. E. parsonage.

E. L. Kempel, of Driftwood, transacted important business in Emporium, last Saturday evening. Joe. Johnston came along and acted as body-guard

H. R. Dodge came down from Four Mile last Saturday to transact business. He called to see the PRESS and made the printer happy. Call again, Bert.

John Olmsted and Arch Lewis, of Coudersport, visited H. C. Olmsted and family over Sunday. Both are nephews of our townsman, H. C. Olmsted.

Mr. U. S. Devall, the well known patent attorney, of Washington, D. C., was in Emporium, Saturday evening on business incident to the profession.

Mrs. S. L. Linthurst was called to Watsontown last Thursday to attend the funeral of her mother, who died at Reading. Her remains were interred at Watsontown.

Joseph Lechner accompanied by his daughters Laura and Katie took in the sights at Buffalo and Niagara Falls on Sunday, where they spent two days visiting friends.

Chas. Wiley has accepted a position as clerk and bookkeeper at the Serling Run tannery store, and left last Monday morning to enter upon the discharge of his duties.

W. L. Sykes visited in Emporium last Sunday.

Urbane Butler goes to Canada on a visit this month.

Mrs. D. W. Felt goes to Atlantic City this evening.

Rev. Wilford P. Shriner preached at West Creek school house last Sunday.

L. S. Fisk will go to Bradford to the Firemen's Convention with the Renovo band.

Mrs. Montania and Miss Edith Murry left this morning for a trip to Atlantic City.

Miss Grace McCaslin left on Friday last for an extended visit with friends at Renovo.

Miss Edna Warner is now Secretary in Schriever's photographic studio at this place.

Miss Emma Nefcy, of Driftwood, is visitlng friends in town, guest of M. Murphy and family.

Peter R. Beattie and wife visited Daniel Kriner and family at Clear Creek, last Sunday.

Mr. John Murphy, of Pittsburg, is visiting his uncle, Michael Murphy and family, at this place.

Miss Mame O'Day, of Buffalo, formerly a resident of Emporium, visited friends here this week.

F. P. Rentz returned on Tuesday from visiting friends at Williamsport and other down country towns.

Attorney Wimmer, of St. Marys, accompanied by Mr. Fee, of Bailey Run, visited in Emporium on Monday.

Mrs. Michael Brady, *nee* Powell, of Ypsilanti, Mich., visited her mother and sisters at this place, the past week.

We noticed W. W. Dickinson and wife accompanied S. S. Hacket and wife to their Clear Creek farm last Sunday.

Mrs. J. G. Bryan and daughter, Miss Nina, returned to Emporium on Saturday—two days later than reported in the PRESS last week.

A. D. Gould, of Eldred, pure food inspector, was in Emporium this morning, having returned from a two weeks tour of his district.

Henry Auchu received the sad intelligence on Saturday that his mother was very low. Mr. Auchu left on Sunday for his home, in upper Canada.

Dr. Chas. S. French and family, of Austin and Miss Lizzie Haughenberry, of Coudrsport, drove over to Emporium last Sunday and were guests of R. Warner and family.

J. B. Schriever has purchased an interest in a popular photographic studio at Wilkesbarre and takes possession Sept. 1st. Mr. Schriever will divide his time between the two places.

Miss Flossie Yennie, of Ridgway, is the guest of the Misses Taggart, on Fourth street. Miss Yennie is a very pleasant young lady and is Miss Flossie Taggart's school mate at Oberlin.

Rev. J. H. Graybeill, pastor of the Shiloh Presbyterian Church, is taking his vacation among friends at Lebanon, Pa., and will be gone until the first Sabbath in September.—St. Marys Gazette.

Next Sunday Rev. Wilford P, Shriner will occupy the pulpit of the M. E. Church at St. Marys. Dr. E. E. A. Deavor a former pastor of this charge will fill Rev. Shriner's pulpit next Sunday.

John S. Fisher, Esq., of Indiana, Pa. and brother of ovr townsman, Joseph Fisher, is favorably mentioned as Republican candidate for State Senator. He is a popular and hustling stalwart Republican.

Mrs. J. H. Shanbacher, of The New Hyde, has for her guests Mrs. E. Andrews and Mrs. William Andrews, of Williamsport, and Mrs. Josiah Howard, and daughter of Emporium.—Ridgway Advocate.

In the heart of the Alleghenies is a wildly picturesque region, now part of Cameron county, which the Lenni Lenape Indians were wont to fondly designate their long house. Here is where Mrs. E. Merserau Newton is summering.—Bulletin of American Authors.

Misses Annie and Margaret Munsell, of Emporium, Pa., were guests of their uncle D. O. Gardner, at Italee this week.....F. A. Blackwell received a telegram Saturday announcing the death of his mother at Lewiston, Maine. He left the same night, accompanied by his wife and attended the funeral.—Renovo Record.

Drs. J. M. Card and E. D. Newton, of Emporium were professsonal visitors in town this week.....Lawrence Swayne and family drove to Emporium on Sunday and spent the day with Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Newton.....F. X. Blumle, one of Emporium's leading business men, and an all-round good fellow was calling on his Austin friends yesterday. —Autograph.

D. W. Odell, accompanied by his wife and son John, visited Orie Odell and wife at this place over Sunday. "Dan" as he is called by his Emporium friends, conducts the Star Liquor Store at Olean. While in Emporium he paid the PRESS a social call and as a result will continue to read this paper, as he has done ever since he left Emporium. He is the same genial fellow as of yore.

Miss Katie Curtin, of Pittsburg, a neice of our townsman M. Murphy, is visiting the latter's family at this place.

Frank Brown, of Wilcox and G. S. Allen, of this place, will enjoy a few days sport fishing for bass near Sterling Run.

Mrs. O. T. Chase, of Smethport, is visiting old friends in Emporium this week, guest of Mrs. W. F. Taylor, Mrs. Cole and other friends.

Mrs. J. B. Schriever, wife and daughter, Mr. W. H. Howard and wife, and Mrs. Josiah Howard and daughter left this morning for Atlantic City.

Mrs. S. E. Hamilton came over from Instanter on Tuesday to visit her father and friends for a day or two, returning on Thursday morning.

Mr. Perry R. Smith and wife, of Ridgway and L. S Hinkle and wife, of Willcox, passed through here this morning enroute to Atlantic City.

Mrs. Reed has returned from visiting at Lock Haven, and will spend a few days with her sisters, Mrs. Bardwell and Mrs. Cruise, before going to her home at Philadelphia.

William McDonald took in the Elks fair at Niagara several days last week, remaining in Buffalo until his wife and daughter arrived with the excursion, when all hands took in Buffalo.

Dr. A. W. Baker and wife, of Emporium, who have been visiting friends throughout the state for the past two months, are at present the guests of the writer. The Doctor has almost recovered from the effects of the attack of blood poisoning, and expects to be able to resume the practice of his profession about September 1st.—Hughesville Mail.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents a box. For sale by L. Taggart.
v34-n2-1y

Emporium Liars' Club.

EDITOR PRESS—Our club met last Monday night at 11:45 and was called to order by "Stiffy" Cavanaugh, who sat on the largest cake of ice, and made an eloquent speech, thanking the members present for the exalted honor. Billy Donacker related his experience at the Falls on Sunday and he was they adjudged a full member. Shorty Haley came up the ladder, attended by Dutch Narrabee, Phin. Davin and Bill Keyes. After Keyes was run through the rag picker he was made a full member. Mose Minard requested that a charter be issued for Sizerville, with John Wygant as President and Will Crawford Treasurer. Pap Blodgett and F. A. Hill were appointed a committee to go up to Will Sizer's and initiate the new club.

Our next meeting will be held at Brother Pantings, where a number of fine spring chickens are promised. There being no further business we all adjourned to see Tom Lysett ride a bike. ANTHONY.

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver, of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying Electric Bitters and to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50c., guaranteed, at L. Taggart's drug store.

A Thousand Tongues.

Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, of 1125 Howard St., Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give her no help, but she says of this Royal Cure—"it soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding its praise throughout the Universe." So will everyone who tries Dr. King's New Discovery for any trouble of the throat, chest or lungs. Price 50c. and $1. Trial bottles free at L. Taggart's drug store; every bottle guaranteed.

Notice.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on two 25 cent bottles or boxes of Baxter's Mandrake Bitters, if it fails to cure constipation, biliousness, sick headache, jaundice, loss of appetite, sour stomach, dyspepsia, liver complaint, or any of the diseases for which it is recommeded. It is highly recommended as a tonic and blood purifier. Sold liquid in bottles, and tablets in boxes. Price 25 cents for either. One package of either guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded. L. Taggart, R. C. Dodson. 34-24-ly

Where the digestion is good, and the general powers of the system in a healty state, worms can find no habitation in the human body. White's Cream Vermifuge not only destroys every worm, but corrects all derangements of the digestive organs. Price 25 cents. L. Taggart. aug

PUBLIC LETTING.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Shippen Township School Board will, on Saturday, Sept. 2, 1899, receive seaeld proposals for furnishing wood for the several Shippen Township schools, for the approaching school term. The right reserved to reject any or all bids.
N. S. CUTLER, President.

Attest:
O. S. PETERS, Sec'y.
Shippen, Pa., Aug. 5th, 1899.—24-3t

New Goods Everywhere

The leading exclusive Grocery stock in the county and at living prices.

TRY OUR GINGER ALE.

Meats.

Fresh and salt meats always to be found here.

Alex. McDougall,
Groceries and Meat.
Emporium, Pa.

Summer Tailoring.

Beautiful Summer Goods for Gents Suits, at

R. SEGER & CO.'S,
Opposite M. E. Church, Emporium, Pa.

SUITS FROM $12.00 TO $30.00.

S. E. MURRY,
PRACTICAL
PLUMBER, GAS
AND
STEAM FITTER.

I have recently added an entirely new line of Plumbing Goods to my already large stock. I handle and keep constantly in stock

GAS AND
STEAM FITTINGS,
SEWER PIPES,
GAS STOVES, ETC.

My store room is well supplied with Bath Tubs, Wash Stands, Gas Lamps and anything required in my trade. Contracts taken for all lines of work; satisfaction guaranteed.
Write me when you have any work in my line.
Out of town orders promptly attended to.

S. E. MURRY.

NEW DEPARTURE
BY
M. A. ROCKWELL,
The Fourth Street Druggist,

The Sanitary Still. . . .

I have recently purchased and placed in my Drug Store one of the popular and greatly endorsed Sanitary Stills, manufactured by THE CUPSEGRAPH CO., of Chicago, Ill. There is no process of filteration which will purify water. Nature's process of vaporizing water and cooling it into refreshing showers of pure rain water is repeated by the Sanitary Still in our store. We distill all water used in both our Prescription Department and Soda Water Fountains.

PURE WATER,
PURE DRUGS,
PURE SODA WATER.

Purity is our Motto.

M. A. ROCKWELL,
P. O. Building, Emporium, Pa.

Specialties

For these Warm Summer days:

SCHWEPPE'S

Ginger Ale,

A healthful and pleasant drink. Bottled in Great Britain. Two bottles for 25c.

"ROYAL" JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE.

What is nicer than a cup of delicious iced coffee? 35c, per lb. 3 lbs. $1.00.

Fruit, Vegetables and Garden Truck

From our own gardens, fresh and green.

Meats,

Of unquestionable character and highest quality. The proof of which is the demand for them.

DAY'S,

Fourth St., Emporium, Pa.

Business Cards.

B. W. GREEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Emporium, Pa.
A business relating to estate, collections, real estates, Orphan's Court and general law business will receive prompt attention. 42-1y.

J. C. JOHNSON. J. P. MCNARNEY.
JOHNSON & MCNARNEY,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
EMPORIUM, PA.
Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to them. 16-1y.

MICHAEL BRENNAN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Collections promptly attended to. Real estate and pension claim agent,
35-1y. Emporium, Pa.

F. D. LEET.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW and INSURANCE AG'T.
EMPORIUM, PA
TO LAND OWNERS AND OTHERS IN CAMERON AND ADJOINING COUNTIES.
I have numerous calls for hemlock and hardwood timber lands, also stumpage &c., and parties desiring either to buy or sell will do well to call on me. F. D. LEET.

CITY HOTEL,
WM. MCGEE, PROPRIETOR
Emporium, Pa.
Having again taken possession of this old and popular house I solicit a share of the public patronage. The house is newly furnished and is one of the best appointed hotels in Cameron county.
30-1y.

THE NOVELTY RESTAURANT,
(Opposite Post Office,)
Emporium, Pa.
WILLIAM MCDONALD, Proprietor.
I take pleasure in informing the public that I have purchased the old and popular Novelty Restaurant, located on Fourth street. It will be my endeavor to serve the public in a manner that shall meet with their approbation. Give me a call. Meals and luncheon served at all hours.
no27-1yr Wm. MCDONALD.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,
THOS. J. LYSETT, PROPRIETOR
Near Buffalo Depot, Emporium, Pa.
The new and commodious hotel is now opened for the accommodation of the public. New in all its appointments, every attention will be paid to the guests patronizing this hotel. 27-17-1y

MAY GOULD,
TEACHER OF
PIANO, HARMONY AND THEORY,
Also dealer in all the Popular Sheet Music,
Emporium, Pa.
Scholars taught either at my home on Sixth street or at the homes of the pupils. Out of town scholars will be given dates at my rooms in this place.

F. C. RIECK, D. D. S.,
DENTIST.
Office over Taggart's Drug Store, Emporium, Pa.
Gas and other local anaesthetics administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
SPECIALTY:—Preservation of natural teeth, including Crown and Bridge Work.
I will visit Driftwood the first Tuesday, and Sinnemahoning the third Wednesday of each month.

The Broad Street Bakery,
IS THE PLACE TO BUY.

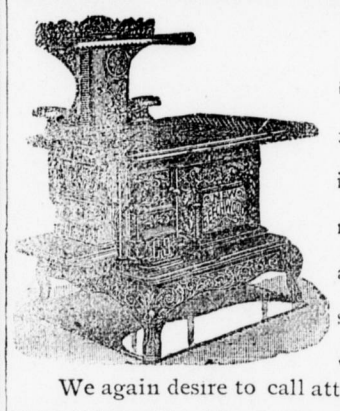
Having recently opened a Bakery and Confectionery store, I am now prepared to serve you Fresh Bread, Pies and Cakes, Confectionery, Fruits, etc. All orders receive prompt attention.
GEO. H. GROSS.
Broad Street, Emporium, Pa.

If you want a Tenant.
If you want a Boarder,
If you want to Lend Money,
If you want to Buy Anything,—
Advertise in the PRESS

LEADING HARDWARE HOUSE!

We extend our compliments to the citizens of Cameron and adjoining counties for their rapidly and increasing patronage. We would invite all to see our large display of GENERAL HARDWARE and BUILDERS' MATERIAL. We would call especial attention to our

COOKING, HEATING AND GAS STOVES

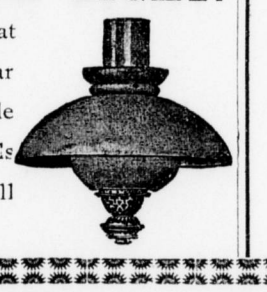


Comprising the best in the world. Our old and popular Store is headquarters for many useful articles and house-keepers should call and see what we have.

We again desire to call attention to our OIL and GAS STOVES. The Ladies delight.

THE WELSBACH LIGHT.

This popular light the great gas saver, is growing in popular with our people. All who desire to economize in gas bills should use these burners. Call and see them.



WALKER, HOWARD & CO.

A THOUGHT OF REST.

In the white mansions of our God
Are the pleasures sweet and fair:
No soul that bows beneath the rod
Hath ever sorrowing there.
"Each gale breathes balm," and all the lost
No more—no more are tempest-tossed.

In the white mansions of our God
We miss the soul's despair;
Lilies that wither on earth's sod
Bloom in rare beauty there.
And pleasant there, to all our feet,
Are paths that lead to waters sweet.

In the white mansions of our God
Are lights that steadfast beam.
Weary of all the way we've trod
We'll lay us down to dream.
To dream dear dreams of peace and rest
Like children on a mother's breast.
—F. L. Stanton, in Atlanta Constitution.

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All rights reserved.]

SYNOPSIS.

Master Ardick, just reached his majority and thrown upon his own resources, after stating his case to one Houthwick, a shipmaster, is shipped as second mate on the Industry, bound for Havana. Mr. Tym, the supercargo, descries a sail. The strange vessel gives chase, but is disabled by the Industry's guns. In the fray one of the crew is killed and Houthwick is seen to fall. The captain is found to be dead, but the Industry is little damaged. Sellinger, first mate, takes charge and puts into Sidmouth to secure a new mate. Several days later, when well out to sea, an English merchantman is met, whose captain has a letter addressed to Jeremiah Hope, at Havana. The crew of the vessel tell strange tales of the buccaneer Morgan, who is sailing under the king's commission to take Panama. One night a little later, the English vessel having proceeded on her course, a bit of paper is slipped into Ardick's hand by one of the sailors. This is found to be a warning of a mutiny plot headed by Pradey, the ne wmate. Ardick consults Mr. Tym. They resolve to secure the mate, but Pradey, eavesdropping in the cabin, makes through the door and arouses the crew. Capt. Sellinger joins Ardick and Tym. The crew break through the now barricaded door, but are forced to retire, having lost seven of their number. Finding themselves now too short-handed to manage the boat, Pradey decides to scuttle and desert the vessel, taking his men off in the only avaailable boat. The captain, supercargo and second mate soon discover their plight, but hastily constructing a raft get away next morning a Spaniard draws near just before their vessel sinks. The them. The man in the rigging shouts: "If you would board us, take to your oars. Be speedy, or you will fall short." On board they are sent forward with the crew, being told they will be sold as slaves on reaching Panama. The ship's cook they find to be Mac Irvach, "frae Clagvarloch," so a friend. Four days later the Spaniard is overhauled by a buccaneer flying the English flag. The three Englishmen and Mac Irvach plan to escape to the buccaneer on a rude raft. Sellinger, the last to attempt to leave the Spaniard, is disabled. Just after the others put off they see a figure dangling from the yard arm, whom they suppose is Capt. Sellinger. Hailing the buccaneer, our three friends find themselves in the hands of their old mate, Pradey. He treats them kindly and offers to do them no harm if they will but remain quiet concerning the mutiny he headed. The Black Eagle, Pradey's ship, comes to Chagre, Cuba, which town they find Morgan has taken under the English flag. From here the Black Eagle, with Morgan's fleet proceeds to Panama. The command consists of about 1,200 men. Having landed, they march on the city. The assault on the city is begun. Many of the buccaneers fall, and Ardick is wounded. Through the smoke he sees Pradey approaching. The city at last falls. Ardick, coming to, finds Tym has rescued him from Pradey's murderous hand by killing the villain. The Spanish flag has been hauled down from the castle and the men allowed to plunder the city at will. Mac Irvach spies a figure coming toward them, and exclaims: "The gaist o' the captain." It is indeed Sellinger. He recounts his late adventures, then he leads them to the rescue of Don Enrique de Cavodilla, who had been kind to him on the Pilanca, the Spanish vessel on which he had been a prisoner. Flight is the only course open to the don, his wife and daughter. (Dona Carmen.). They just manage to leave the building when Capt. Towland comes to claim the dona as his prize, under the buccaneer's rule. Mr. Tym parleys to gain time for the flight of his party, then allows the men to enter. Seeking shortly to join the don, they come upon his dead body.

CHAPTER XVI.

OF THE FLIGHT OF THE DON AND HIS PARTY AND THE DILEMMA THAT CAPT. TOWLAND PUT US IN, LIKEWISE OF A DREADFUL DISCOVERY.

"Senor," interposed Dona Carmen, "it may be that I have thought of something. My house is on the island of Taboga, which is out yonder in the bay. Could we reach it we might hide in a certain wine cellar, which I am almost sure a few moments' labor would make secret. I had remained and hidden in it, indeed, only I was persuaded the city was safer. Could we but reach the water I believe we could secure a boat, and so reach the island."

"You are brave, senorita," I said, for I could not help admiring this command of her wits at such a time. "But I fear your plan would not serve. For one thing, where would you obtain a boat? Our men must have seized them all."

She faltered a moment, but again her wonderful dark eyes lighted, and she answered eagerly:

"But the fisher village? I conceive there must be boats there. It is above half a league from here, and I am sure your bands have not gone so far. Moreover, it has nothing to tempt robbery. Ah, could we but reach the village!"

"Why, so you shall, if the thing is to be mortally compassed!" I cried in a burst of great pity and compassion. "Stay a moment," I went on, "and I will take counsel with my comrades."

In the fewest words possible I repeated our talk and stated her plan.

"I believe they might fetch out upon the beach," said Sellinger, "for, as I have told you, there is a pretty quiet way to it, but the rub comes afterward."

"Captain," put in Mac Ivrach, who had been quietly listening, "what think ye o' a disguise? Clap the hale three into auld claes, pitting the women in breeks, and daub a bit o' smut on their faces. Our laddies will hae their drop lang syne, and gae aboot wi' no sharp een."

"Why, that is not so bad," said the captain, brightening. "What say you, Mr. Tym and Ardick?"

"It is at least something definite," said Mr. Tym; "I am for trying it, on the whole."

I agreed with him, and without more ado turned to Don Enrique and the ladies and put the business into Spanish.

They listened eagerly and lost no time in deciding. Indeed, they barely took the words off my tongue ere they broke out in consent. But, in fact, it was easy to see by their anxious looks and pale cheeks that they were desperate enough for almost anything.

This was a great relief to us, for certainly we had nothing left to turn to, unless it might be some desperate action, and that with no reasonable hope of success.

I saw the senorita and the other incline their heads a moment, as though in prayer, and the don murmured something under his heavy mustache.

I think we were not two minutes off the stairs when we heard a confused and swelling sound of voices, and on unbarring one of the neighbor windows I immediately detected the loud rough tones of some of the buccaneers. They were approaching the house, though as yet the high wall hid them from view.

"The fellows are upon us," I called softly to the others.

They hurried into the room and stood by my shoulder.

There could be no mistake about it. The buccaneers were coming along by the wall and were already close upon the gate. Where we stood the trees cut off the view, but the sound was certain and distinct.

"They will scarce give this place the slight, whoever they are," said Mr. Tym. "Should they be the same rascals that fell upon the don we must hear speedily from them."

"In that case they shall hear from us, also," said the captain, grimly.

"Hark!" I cried, "they are already at the gate!"

This was indeed true, for now we could hear their banging and bawling.

"It will be a bit before the gate yields," said Mr. Tym. "Pray Heaven they batter at it awhile, and give our friends the better start!"

"But they will not long back and fill there," said Sellinger. "If nobody opens they will be over the wall. I wish the don would hasten."

"They are coming at last," I said, much relieved, as the door into the rearward rooms opened.

The don, followed by the others, came out, and I perceived they were ready.

This was the manner of their disguise—the old don wore a kind of Dutch coat belted about the waist and extending to the tops of a pair of rough sea boots, and on his head was a great flapping hat with the forebrim lopped down. His face and hands were smeared with dirt, and under his arm he carried an old basket.

The ladies were attired in a somewhat similar fashion. Dona Isabella wore a long coat and heavy boots (her skirts she had, of course, discarded), and the rest of her visible dress consisted of an old cap with side flaps and a curly wig. The wig was tucked chiefly under the cap, and at a glance might well pass for her proper hair. She had bedaubed her face and hands and carried a fisher's spear. As for poor Dona Carmen, I observed that she had put on a kind of mixed garb, consisting of a high straw hat, a blue jacket, a long knit vest, coarse hose and well-worn jackboots. She had smutted her face and hands, and carried over her shoulder a well-stuffed bag the seeming weight of which made her stoop a little, so that her face was not quite revealed.

"They must hasten," exclaimed Mr. Tym. "It is a wonder our fellows are not already at the door. Fetch a good look rearward, Ardick, to see that the coast is clear, and after that no delay."

I was only too willing to obey, for the case indeed pressed, and with the single word "Come" to the don, I flew to the rearward door and unbarred it. A glance out showed no person in sight. A considerable court, walled in on both sides, extended to the little rearward street. From here it was the first and most dangerous stage of the journey to the shore.

"God reward you all!" said the don, with a sign of his hand in farewell; and he stepped bravely out. His companions followed, not forgetting a fervent "Adios!" and we stood in the door and in a silence of anxiety saw them pass down the court.

Nothing as yet appeared, and presently they were at the opening of the street. Another breath of suspense and they had rounded the corner.

"By heaven, happily compassed!" exclaimed the captain, with a great breath of relief.

"It is, indeed, a good start," said Mr. Tym, himself giving over something of his anxious bearing.

"I trust the disguises will serve," I said, with a sigh. "In truth, they were not of the best."

But at this point we heard a loud shouting from the front of the house.

"Ah, our fellows are in," said Mr. Tym; and forthwith we shut and barred this door and hastened to the other.

Mr. Tym proved to be right. On opening the wicket we saw one leaf of the gate open, and the buccaneers crowding in.

The captain looked inquiringly at Mr. Tym, and fetched a good courageous breath, and Mac Ivrach and I saw to our weapons. Of course we had no wish to fight, but we could not tell what our reckless and angry comrades might attempt, and were resolved to be prepared.

"We must parley with them," said Mr. Tym. "All will gain time."

"Do you be spokesman," said the captain. "Here they come, and well swollen with choler or I have no eyes!"

He stepped aside, giving way to the supercargo, and as he did so I heard the heavy slap of the approaching feet.

"The leader is that ferocious Towland," Mr. Tym turned his head to say. As he did so the gang appeared to halt, and the voice of the fierce captain hailed us:

"Within, there! How dare you hold thus against us? Open, or it will go very ill with you!"

"And why say you so?" Mr. Tym immediately put his face to the wicket and coolly answered. "Have we not as good a right to the loot of this place as you?"

"Why, 'tis the little graybeard!" cried one man; and at that they made a stir of their arms, letting the butts of their guns fall, and there was a bit of silence.

"We were not aware that our own people were in possession," I heard Towland then, in a surly and vexed tone, reply. "Nevertheless," he went on, "we have the right to come in, so open the door."

"Why, look you," answered Mr. Tym—and I could see by the wrinkling of his side face that he was smiling—"I can not recall that there is any rule against bolting and barring. Suppose one were intent on the capture of a slave, for instance, must he needs let everybody in while he is about it? Slaves, you are aware, are not common spoil, as are goods and money."

"Nay, this is all idle talk and away from the purpose!" said Towland, impatiently. "Open the door, and be speedy about it, or the business will reach further than words!"

"Let me at least confer with my friends," answered Mr. Tym, still speaking moderately. "I am not alone in this matter."

"Speedy counsels, then," growled Towland. "We will not be put off."

"Well, friends," said Mr. Tym, facing about and preserving his same voice and manner, "what say you? You have heard Capt. Towland's demand."

"For my part," said the captain, raising his voice so that those outside could hear, "I desire a little time for deliberation. I would know my rights, and if I am to lower my colors, wherefore."

"Aweel," said Mac Ivrach, speaking up in his turn, "and sae it strikes mysel'. I wadna come to decide in a blink."

"Which is my thought likewise," I promptly put in.

"You hear," said Mr. Tym, speaking again from the wicket. "My companions are not clear of their course. They would have a little time for reflection. So, in truth, would I."

The fellows broke into murmurs of rage, and two or three roundly swore.

"Look you," cried Towland, in a kind of desperation, and yet with a

"Within there! How dare you hold thus against us?"

certain measure of rough entreaty, as I thought, "we will not be cozened. We have rights here. Nay, to come to the heart of the matter, we want the old don and the woman. We pursued them yesterday, and but for a twist of luck at the pinch would have had them. I myself all but secured the young senorita. You will perceive, therefore, that we have the first right here, and, like sensible men, will abandon your contention. Aye, to give you the final proof, the owner of this house is Don Enrique de Cavodilla, and it was his niece—though my memory halts at her name—that I laid hands on. By our laws a slave seized is a slave passed to ownership, and that you well know."

Mr. Tym turned back to us, his countenance grown serious.

"This is not well. I fear the rascal has the right of it—I mean as to the rule."

"I am sure of it," said I, reluctantly. "I have a clear thought of how it runs."

"Then, if they have the right to claim the slaves, I conceive they have the further right to come in and search for them," said Mr. Tym, with a vexed gesture. "Well, say we yield? To refuse would be to avail no one, and I conceive our friends now have a very hopeful start."

We were compelled to agree with him, and without further words he unbarred and opened the door.

Towland and his men sullenly pressed in, and, we giving back, they quickly filled all the fore part of the hall. Towland looked at us with a lowering brow, but said nothing, and the men after a brief staring about made forward and began to scatter over the house. Towland seemed to hang in the wind for a bit, and at first I thought he meant to say something to us, but if so he changed his mind, for, in the end, he wheeled about and followed some of his crew up the stairs.

We exchanged significant glances, but for a little did not budge, wishing to avoid any dangerous seeming of haste. At last as none of the men returned—the most of them were now above, where we could hear them knocking about and calling to one another—we passed a whispered word, and all stole quietly out. As we made down the walk I heard a considerable noise, and thought that the men were demolishing some doors or partitions, but fortunately no further heed seemed to be paid to us.

Fetching at last into the street, we turned in the direction of the water and pushed along at a sharp walk. It was in all our minds, though we stayed not to talk about it, to gain the first leftward street or passage, and thence continue till we obtained some knowledge or were satisfied of the safety of the fugitives. We at last came to the leftward turning street, and gladly turned the corner, and broke into a run.

"I think they have got fairly off," said the captain with a breath of relief. "It is clear the buccaneers have not yet penetrated to this quarter, and the time is more than sufficient to fetch the beach."

"I would not croak," said I, "but I am less hopeful. There is the guard on the ships, who might easily espy them, and then our straggling parties are poking about in all directions."

"We can soon learn how the matter has gone," said Mr. Tym. "We have but to continue to the water side, and proceed a little way from there toward this fisher village. If we see and hear nothing amiss we may rest in reasonable content that they are safe."

"Well, we would not turn back without that assurance," said I. "Let us proceed."

We pushed on down this street, accordingly, and when we had come into the next turned to the left, and so continued to the outskirts of the town. We learned nothing of moment, or touching the business in hand, and, thinking it of no use to proceed farther, and, indeed, supposing it might not be prudent to do so (lest we might be spied upon by some of Towland's party), we descended to the beach, and so walked for a time up and down.

After some little time, it being now near noon, and we beginning to be hungry, we thought it best to return to the castle. We bent our steps that way, therefore, and might have proceeded a fourth part of the distance when Mac Ivrach suddenly gave a little cry.

"Look yonner! Nay, nay! a's amiss!"

We hastily sprang to his side, for he was standing at the moment on a bit of ledge, while we were below, and to our horror discovered what it was that had fetched out the cry. In a kind of little depression, and partly hidden by the overhanging crest of the ledge, lay the corpse of Don Enrique de Cavodilla!

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

NIGHTCAPPED BEFORE QUEEN.

The Complaining Earl of Sussex Was Given a Most Extraordinary Privilege.

To the earl of Sussex was granted the privilege of wearing a nightcap in the royal presence of Queen Mary. The fact is mentioned in Miss Strickland's "Lives of the Queens of England" as being one of the odd rewards bestowed by Mary upon her friends after her accession.

The earl was a valetudinarian, and had a great fear of uncovering his head. Considering, therefore, that the colds he dreaded respected no person, he petitioned Queen Mary for leave to wear a nightcap in her presence.

The queen not only gave him leave to wear one, but two nightcaps if he pleased. His patent for this privilege is unique in royal annals.

"Know ye that we grant to our well beloved and trusty cousin and councilor, Henry, earl of Sussex, license and pardon to wear his cap, coif or nightcap, or any two of them at his pleasure, as well in our presence as in the presence of any other person within this realm, or in any other place in our dominions whatsoever during his life, and these our letters shall be sufficient warrant in his behalf."

The queen's seal, with the garter above it, was affixed to this singular grant.

Three persons in Great Britain alone enjoy the privilege of remaining covered in the royal presence—namely, Lord Forester, Lord Kinsale and the master of Trinity college, Cambridge—Green Bag.

Life-Time of a Book.

Books printed four centuries ago still exist, with their paper in good condition, but if the committee recently appointed by the Society of Arts in London to study the deterioration of modern paper is not seriously mistaken, multitudes of books printed today will be very short-lived. Perhaps, in many cases, that fact is not to be regretted. If bad and worthless books could always be printed on paper that in a few years turns to dust, and good books always on enduring paper, the makers of bad paper would, after all, be benefactors of the public. The committee referred to finds that paper containing mechanical, or ground, wood pulp especially, tends to both disintegration and discoloration. Papers consisting mainly of fibers of cotton, flax and hemp are the most lasting.—Youth's Companion.

They Are Queer.

Kissing was unknown to the Australians, the New Zealanders, the Papuans, the Eskimos and other races until comparatively recently. The inhabitants of Mallicolo, an island in the Pacific ocean, show their admiration by hissing; a Chinaman puts on his hat where we should take it off, and among the same curious people a coffin is considered a neat and appropriate present for an aged person, especially if he be in poor health.—Detroit Free Press.

Eavesdroppers.

The Gusher—Women are not good listeners.

The Guyer—Evidently you've never had 'em for servants.—N. Y. Journal.

Every woman is as old as the neighbors remember she is.

LONG-DISTANCE RIDE.

Young Frenchman's Remarkable Feat of Horsemanship.

Travels from Vienna to Paris, 785 Miles, in Twelve Days and Fourteen Hours, Without Incapacitating His Mount.

A very remarkable feat of horsemanship has just been accomplished by a young Frenchman of good family, M. Charlie Cottu. He rode the whole of the way from Vienna to Paris, 785 miles, in 12 days 14 hours, using only one horse and, what is still more noteworthy, brought his mount into Paris in thoroughly good condition. As everyone knows, 62 miles is a good deal more than the average horse can be expected to accomplish in a day, and to keep up this average for 13 days at a stretch, with 188 pounds weight on the animal's back, implies not only great stamina in the steed, but altogether exceptional care and management on the part of the rider.

M. Cottu's main object was to beat Lieut. Zubowitz' record of 14 days five hours over the same road, and he set about his preparations with the utmost thoroughness. He began to train his mount—a half-bred Irish mare, Irish Lass, seven years old, standing just under 15 hands—on Easter Monday, beginning with a gentle ride of 15 miles or so, and gradually increasing the daily distance up to 40 miles. After a fortnight of this preliminary work, M. Cottu started for Vienna, covering the distance by easy stages. He had previously taken a course of lessons from a blacksmith, so that in the event of Irish Lass casting a shoe at an inconvenient moment he could put on another before any damage was done to the foot. The journey to Vienna occupied 24 days, the Austrian capital being reached on May 11. Irish Lass and her owner kept in steady training until June 1, when they started on the long ride to Paris. By this time M. Cottu and his mare were "hard as nails," and

TWO RECORD BREAKERS.
(M. Cottu and His Faithful Steed, Irish Lassie.)

accomplished the journey with only one hitch, the mare being temporarily upset by the change of food after crossing the German frontier on the third day.

In conversation with a Paris correspondent, M. Cottu explained that the great secret of success on long-distance rides is to avoid overheating your mount. "I never," he said, "kept Irish Lass at the trot for more than a mile and a quarter. I always dismounted when we came to a hill and led her up it. Some days I walked at least 20 miles. When we came to our stopping place, I let her stand a few minutes to cool, and then unsaddled her and gently rubbed her back with the bare hand, to restore the circulation in the parts weighed upon by the saddle. Then I groomed her carefully, took her into her stable and gave her her food. As soon as she had taken it she used to lie right down at once, but she was always ready for the road again. I gave her between 20 and 24 liters of oats and between 15 and 18 liters of milk every day, with a fair amount of water whenever she wanted it, provided the water was not too cold. I gave her from four to six hours' rest in the middle of the day, so as to escape the heat, and only about two hours at night. I always slept in the stable with her and did not once take off my clothes from leaving Vienna to arriving at Paris. There was no time for baths or anything of that sort. As we never did more than 6½ miles an hour, even over level country, we had to spend a good many hours a day on the road."

Questioned in regard to his own regimen, M. Cottu said he had taken dark in preference to white meat whenever he could. He smoked very little and drank no alcohol except light wine freely diluted. En route he ate bread and sugar in preference to chocolate. During the last two days he was obliged to drink large quantities of coffee to keep himself awake, with the result that for some little time after his arrival in Paris he suffered from cerebral cloudiness and inability to collect his thoughts. Otherwise his long ride had not the least effect on him. M. Cottu is only 20 years of age.

The Suspender Girl.

One of the very latest of fads is suspenders for girls. They are made of dainty-colored webbing and elastic, with real leather straps just as the men have. They are worn over a pretty corset cover and under a shirt waist that is thin enough to allow them to be seen. Some of the designs are handsomely embroidered and silver-mounted. Of course, they must be attractive to look at—else their mission is lost.

Tennessee Slate Pencils.

Slate pencils are made in Tennessee from slate dust and other ingredients compressed by hydraulic means. One concern made 25,000,000 in a year.

$500 Reward

The above Reward will be paid for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who placed iron and slabs on the track of the Emporium & Rich Valley R. R., near the east line of Franklin Housler's farm, on the evening of Nov. 21st, 1891.

HENRY ACCHU,
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AN EXCELLENT CAKE.

It Is Called the Gold Loaf and Has Few Equals as a Dainty Summer Delicacy.

This is a moist, delicate cake, and is made with sour milk, which renders it very tender. At this season of the year, when milk is beginning to sour easily, it is well to have a variety of ways in which to use it. If it is left long, as everyone knows, it will become unfit for use, except for swill. To make this cake mix two cups of sugar and one cup of butter. Stir in the yolks of four eggs, and beat well Add a cupful of sour milk—milk that is turned to a solid curd, with a good proportion of whey. Milk that is just turned, or very sour but not firm, should not be used. Stir the mixture thoroughly. In another cake bowl sift four cupfuls of pastry flour (bread flour will do, however) and an even teaspoonful of soda. It is better for cake to sift the flour and soda together several times. Stir the other ingredients gradually into the flour and soda, being careful to avoid having lumps in the batter. When well beaten, add the whites of the four eggs of which the yolks have already been used. The whites should be beaten to a very stiff froth before they are put into the batter. This cake is delicious, even without raisins or citron. It makes a handsome, rich cake, however, for a birthday party if thin slices of citron—enough to suit the taste—and about a cupful of raisins are added. The raisins should be washed, stoned and dipped in flour before stirring them into the batter. Flouring them lightly prevents sinking to the bottom of the cake. Turn the dough into a very large, round loaf tin, or two smaller ones, well greased. Bake this cake in a moderate oven for about 40 minutes, being careful not to let it fall by carelessly opening the oven door too wide, or jamming it in any way. It is very nice when made into small cup cakes, leaving out the raisins and citron, of course. Ice the little cake all over with chocolate icing or with a heavy white icing.—N. Y. Tribune.

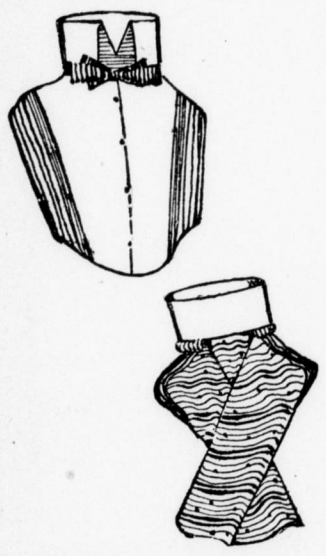
THE NEW CHEMISETTE.

Something About the Mannish Little Vest Which Is Worn with the Summer Jacket.

Summer chemisettes, to the delight of the sumemr girl and despair of the laundress, are very elaborate this year, and are developed in every imaginable material.

A very stylish mode has the bosom of plain linen with sides of Scotch madras.

For outing wear too much cannot be said in commendation of the little chemisette. The neck is finished with



THE POPULAR CHEMISETTE.

a neat, linen collar, pointed at the ends and the collar in turn is finished with a narrow tie and bow of washable material.

The broad pique tie is also a dressy accompaniment for the chemisette; and makes a charming little vest buttoned under an Eton or tailor jacket.

How to Make Ice Cream.

Where cream alone is used in making ice cream one-half or one-third of the quantity used should be scalded, the sugar dissolved in the scalded portion, and when cool added to the remaining quantity of cream. When cream is not obtainable, milk may be used enriched by the yolks of eggs, allowing four to each quart of milk. Scald the milk in a double boiler; beat the eggs and sugar together; add to the hot milk, cook for a moment, then strain into the ice cream mold and freeze.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Apple Sauce with Cloves.

Pare one dozen apples, cut into quarters and remove the cores. To them add about a dozen cloves and a cup of boiling water. Cook over a hot fire until the quarters begin to break in pieces, then remove the cloves and press the apples through a sieve. Return the pulp to the fire with one cup of sugar and a teaspoonful of butter and stir and cook until the sauce boils throughout.

Cleaning Frail Laces.

Delicate white laces may be cleaned by laying them smooth on wrapping paper and covering them with magnesia; put another paper over this and place them between the leaves of a book for several days. Brush out the white powder and the lace will be found to be as fresh as when new.

FASHIONABLE SHOES.

Some of the Styles of Footwear One Sees at the Swell Seaside Summer Resorts.

Slowly, but with undeniable sureness, the plain leather shoe is being ousted from its high place as a feature of fashionable footwear. The fancy tie, conspicuous for its originality, and admired for its becomingness is taking its place. And though revolutions in footwear are accomplished without the aid of logic, the fancy tie has many points in its favor.

It is made mostly of cloth materials; that makes it comfortable; and when it

SHOES FOR HOT WEATHER.

matches the gown there is at least a shade of opportunity for the home-made product and the saving of a shoemaker's bill.

Ties are extensively trimmed with ribbons this year. A novel black satin design was stitched in white gros grain silk ribbon, and the effect was indeed charming. The tongue was slipped through a silver buckle and was so deep as to completely cover the instep.

Another pretty tie has a vamp of white suede stripped with very narrow bands of black cloth. The laces are of ribbon and the back of the shoe is made of black and white striped felt.

The third design is developed in embossed felt with blue figures upon it. Long strings of blue silk are tied in a full bow, and very fastidious women have the eyelets in their shoes made of solid gold and silver.

AMERICA FOR BOYS.

New York Woman Gives Some Excellent Reasons for Not Educating Her Son in Europe.

"I have come home solely on account of my boy," said a New York widow of moderate means, who to the astonishment of her friends suddenly reappeared in America after a prolonged residence in Europe.

"As far as I am concerned, I am much more comfortable abroad, where my little income goes twice as far and life is much easier. The girls, too, I can educate cheaper and better on the other side, but there is no doubt about it, American boys should be educated at home in order to be succesful men in their own country. I have watched the results quite closely, and in nine cases out of ten it is like fitting a square patch to a round hole when they come home and go to work. For young men of property who intend living a life of leisure it is all well enough, but for those who have their own way to make it is, in my opinion, a fatal mistake to educate them there. They lose the power of assimiliating themselves, so to speak, and, what is more, they form no early friendships with their own countrymen. So, after thinking it over, I made up my mind that my boy's future was worth a sacrifice, and here I am, although it means to me skimping and striving in New York, when I might be living in ease and plenty on the continent.

"I shall send my boy to a good boarding school and afterward to a home college, and I shall then feel I have done my best for him."—N. Y. Press.

For Stout Women.

It has often been urged, but it seems well to emphasize by much repetition that women of generous proportions should invariably renounce all of these round waisted styles, no matter how beautiful they appear on some other slenderer figure, or how universally the rage for them increases. Adopting these waists is not a matter of age, for the young, the mature and the elderly find them comfortable and useful. It is simply a matter of figure, and, for women inclined to stoutness, there are many close, trim and attractive models which make them look better and slenderer than any of the "round" styles, festooned with net, draped with lace, and finished with circling ribbon, bells and bows, which cut off the apparent length of the waist by two or three inches.—N. Y. Post.

To Sterilize Jars and Tops.

Wash jars thoroughly and fill with cold water. Place in a large vessel with straw to keep them from touching the bottom of kettle; surround with cold water. Heat gradually to boiling point; remove from water; empty and fill with fruit while hot. Place the covers in boiling water five minutes. Dip rubber bands in but do not allow them to stand. New rubbers should be used every year and care must be taken that rims of covers are not hurt, as that prevents sealing hermetically.

English Carrot Pudding.

Mix one pound of grated carrots, three-quarters of a pound of chopped suet, half pound each of raisins and currants, four tablespoonfuls of sugar, eight teaspoonfuls of sugar, eight tablespoonfuls of flour and spices to taste. Boil for four hours, then bake in the oven for 20 minutes and serve with sauce.

HEMMED IN BY MUD.

Salutary Effect of Good Roads on the Home and Social Life of Rural Communities.

It is not uncommon for agricultural writers and lecturers who wish to make farmers contented with their lot to say that farmers have teams and their wives and families can go to town when they like and attend churches, sociables, lectures, farmers' clubs, granges, history clubs and Chautauqua circles, for study and entertainment. This is all true to some extent, and is excellent—except during the two to four months of fall, winter and spring when a large part of the farmers living remote from any village are practically "mud-bound." There is something romantic, beautiful and poetic in being snow-bound in the way described by our beloved poet Whittier in his delightful

AN UNPAVED CITY STREET.

poem; but there is neither beauty, poetry nor romance in being mud-bound. The first step in civilization is the step up and out of the mud. We know a town that has furnished its full share of inspiring agricultural literature for press and platform in which some of the families and neighbors even of those who furnish such literature are practically mud-bound a part of the year—cut off from church, lectures, social life, by very deep and very unpoetic mud.

At a certain farmers' club, recently, one member by previously assignment discussed the influence of electric roads upon the value of the farm and its products. After speaking of their influence on the cash values, he said in substance: "But there are other values than the cash ones. The farm's best products are its human ones, and whatever makes these human products more happy, intelligent and useful enhances the value of the farm and its products in the highest and best of all ways. Evening lectures and entertainments? Yes, but they close at ten or later and three miles of mud roads and cleaning the horses afterwards take all the fun out of it. Church? Why, I actually lose more religion going and coming than I get while I'm there! The only time my wife is discontented with farm life is when we're mud-bound. If we had an electric road past us farm life would be ideal." Another member thought really good gravel or stone pikes would solve the difficulty even better.

We know a town from which several hundred gallons of milk are shipped to the city daily the year round. Some of the milk is hauled three miles or more to the station, rain or shine, mud or dust, and as much more goes to cheese factories. There are beds of fairly good gravel in three parts of the township or just across the line. It is sandstone, quartz and granitic gravel with very little shale. It is not so good or durable as limestone gravel, but is better far than clay. In the township there are thousands of tons of "nigger-heads," that is, granitic bowlders brought by glacial action, from the size of your fist up to the size of a large hay-cock. They either obstruct farm work badly, or have been gathered into huge piles in fence corners and elsewhere, where they are useless and a nuisance. A good steam-power crusher would make the very best "road metal" of them. Eight feet wide and eight inches deep of such broken granite on a properly graded roadbed, and covered with four inches of gravel well rounded up, and with proper drainage, would make solid roads the year round, and the roads would last for many years, provided very heavy loads were forbidden on them in wet times. Such roads would actually cost the farmers less, if the hauling of material were done by themselves, than it now costs them to wallow through the deep mud daily with their milk to station and to factory, several months each year, year after year, as they now do. And what an uplift to the intellectual and social life of the whole community! There are hundreds of such towns in Ohio and neighboring states, outside of the parts underlaid with limestone and in which limestone gravel abounds and in which the mud roads are already superseded by hundreds of miles of splendid stone and gravel pikes in each county. In such regions the worst features of the isolation of farm life are a thing of the past. They should be everywhere even if road metal must be shipped in by railway. Free rural mail delivery will go hand in hand with such roads in relieving our farms of their isolation the whole year round.—Ohio Farmer.

Remember Last Spring.

Bear in mind how the roads were last spring and fix them before another spring comes.

We would rather take a long rest at midday even if we have to start early and work late to make a full day.

FEEDING THE CALF.

How to Care for a Young Animal Destined to Be Raised for Breeding Purposes.

In the first place, take good care of the cow while she is carrying the calf and also when it comes. If we intend to feed the calf from the pail we do not allow the cow to lick it, but take it to a warm well-bedded box stall and rub it off and leave it for three or four hours to get hungry. We then take some milk from the cow (but do not milk her out thoroughly for 48 hours at least after calving, as this is a great safeguard against garget) and give it to the calf. We feed it about two quarts at first and gradually increase the quantity as it requires it. The calf should be fed three times a day the first week, but care should be taken not to overfeed, as scours when once started are very hard to stop. When the calf is two weeks old, says Farmers' Advocate, add a little warm milk to the mother's milk, and increase it so that at four weeks old it is taking skim milk entirely. To the skim milk add a little meal, corn meal, middlings, ground oil cake, in the order named in proportion to four, four, and two. It is not good to mix too much coarse meal, such as oat chop, in milk; put a tablespoonful or two in at first, and increase the quantity as the calf seems to relish it. When the calf is about three weeks old put some oat chop in a manger where it can get it; a very little at first and as it licks it up clean keep giving more, also let them have access to salt and fine, well-saved clover hay and pulped roots. Do not allow the feed to become stale before them, but keep the manger clean and put in fresh feed each time. There is nothing that helps them to eat better than teaching them to leave a clean plate. Be careful to feed regularly, both as regards time and quantity. Continue along these lines, changing the food at times to increase the appetite, and in summer when the flies are bad let them have a moderately dark, well-ventilated place to stay in through the day and a good pasture to feed in at night. When they are weaned from milk in the fall, a run on rape for a month or two puts their stomachs in fine shape to take hold of the coarser fodder in winter quarters. Calves fed in this way will generally grow well and have a good amount of flesh, which should be increased until they are finished. A great deal depends upon the attendant, whether he likes the calf and the work.

COST OF POOR ROADS.

Some Official Figures Which Speak Louder Than Yards of High-Flown Arguments.

France to-day is literally alive with automobiles, due to the fact that she has such fine roads everywhere, and one of the reasons why automobiles in America still cling to the large cities is the poor state of the roads in the rural districts. Hence the drivers of automobiles are joining the bicyclists in the fight for road improvement and it is pointed out that the farmer ought to make common cause with them. The figures cited are certainly very striking. As the result of an inquiry made in 1895 by the United States department of agriculture, replies were received from over 1,200 counties, giving the cost of hauling crops in various parts of the United States. The average load hauled was found to be 2,002 pounds; the average length of haul, 12 1-10 miles; the average cost of hauling a ton of crops to market was $3.02; while the average cost of hauling a ton for a distance of one mile was 25 cents. In order to compare the roads of the United States with those of Europe the bureau, through its consuls, made careful inquiry on the subject of cost of hauling in England, France, Belgium, Italy and Switzerland. The average cost of hauling one ton one mile was found to be in England 10 cents; in France, 10 cents; in Germany, 8½ cents; Belgium, 9½ cents; in Italy, 7½c, and in Switzerland, from 6 to 8 cents. The average for all these European countries was 8 cents per ton per mile, United States.

BARN MILK HOUSE.

It Costs But Little to Build One, But Adds Greatly to the Comfort of the Dairyman.

The cut shows a labor-saving device—a building into which the milk can be carried (and the cream raised or "separated") directly from the cattle stalls. Though next door to the cows,

BARN MILK HOUSE.

no odor gets to the milk because the covered passage way has lattice-work sides, giving a free current of air. The milk room is partitioned off from the latticed walk. A door at the outer end can be reached by the creamery wagon, or the market wagon of the farm itself. Thus many steps are saved. — Farm Journal.

FACTS FOR DAIRYMEN.

The first dairy commandment is, get good cows.

Prize the calf with a good mother, but go miles for the one with good grandmothers also.

Cow keeping is no Klondike, but the dairy may be counted upon to do its full share in making the farm pay.

Breed and select with the grain. Don't try to educate oats to produce walnuts, nor to induce beefy Herefords to rival the Jersey for cream and butter.—American Agriculturist.

HE WAS REJECTED.

But He Stuck to His Job and by a Lucky Hit Won the Coveted Prize.

"It was such a good joke on me," said the girl in the gray velvet toque to the girl in the blue velvet shoulder cape, as they stirred their hot chocolate, "that I must tell you.

"You know how John has been proposing to me at regular intervals ever since he was out of knickerbockers. Well, he did it again the other night, and, with his usual facility, chose an occasion when I was very cross.

"He did it a little more awkwardly than usual, too, deliberately choosing the old-fashioned method of offering me 'his hand and heart.'"

Here she paused to drink some chocolate, and the girl in blue asked breathlessly what she said.

"Oh!" remarked the other, in the tone of one relating an event of no importance, "I told him that I believed I was already provided with the full quota of bodily organs, and that I wouldn't deprive him."

"And what did he say?"

"Well, Belle, that's the funny thing. He seemed to brace up, and said, politely, that at any rate there was no doubt about my having my full share of cheek! And I was so delighted to find a man capable of even that much repartee on being rejected—that I accepted him."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, aching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Corrupt.

Biggs—The corruption among public officials is shameful.

Boggs—I should say so. I had to tip the custom house inspector five dollars just to bring a few diamonds in without paying duty.—N. Y. Journal.

The Nickel Plate Road, with its Peerless Trio of Fast Express Trains Daily and Unexcelled Dining Car Service, offers rates lower than via other lines. The Short Line between Chicago, Buffalo, New York and Boston.

One Strike at Golf.

Good Man—Do you know what becomes of little boys that use bad words when they are playing marbles?

Bad Boy—Yep! Dey grows up an' plays golf.—Chicago Evening News.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Power of a Woman.

In five minutes a woman can clean up a man's room in such a way that it will take him five days to find out where she put things.—Berlin Herald.

I am entirely cured of hemorrhage of lungs by Piso's Cure for Consumption.—Louisa Lindaman, Bethany, Mo., Jan. 8, '94.

Budgeby's Nose.

"Mamma."

"What is it, dear?"

"Isn't the pineapple on papa's face almost ripe enough to pick?"—Puck.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is taken Internally. Price 75c.

Daughter—"Papa went off in great good humor this morning." Mother—"My goodness! That reminds me; I forgot to ask him for any money."—Boston Traveler.

Fruit to be avoided by bathers—currants.—Punch.

Everyone is at least this mean: If he pays tax on his dog, he wants other people to pay on their dogs.—Atchison Globe.

Cast thy manuscript upon the literary waters and it shall return to you after many days—if you have taken the precaution to inclose a stamp.—St. Louis Republic.

"That was a crazy thing for those three wise men of Gotham to go to sea in a bowl." "Oh, I don't know. They were wise enough to want to get out of Gotham."—Boston Transcript.

Bill—"It's hard to understand some women." Jill—"Why?" Bill—"The other day a woman in a Brooklyn court refused to kiss the Bible, but caressed her pet dog a dozen times while on the witness stand."—Yonkers Statesman.

Prof. Tyndall avers that blue-eyed women should always marry black-eyed men. That is all well enough as a theory, but when a woman-struck young man gets fairly gone on a pretty girl he'll marry her, if he can, even if her eyes are pea green.—Montgomery Advertiser.

"Some women who claim that they wouldn't marry the best man on earth," says the Manayunk philosopher, "find out after embarking in matrimony that they have unwittingly kept their word."—Philadelphia Record.

"Poor man," said the lady of the house; "you look half-starved. If you'll cut some wood I'll give you a good dinner." "Madam," replied the dignified pilgrim, "while I am forced to admit that my appetite is quite sharp, still it won't cut wood. Good day."—Philadelphia Record.

Lacked Foresight.—Mrs. Pepper—"You don't act much like it now, but when you proposed to me you told me that you fell in love with me at first sight." Mr. Pepper—"And it was the truth. I certainly didn't have the gift of second sight, or I never would have done it."—Philadelphia North American.

Mrs. Col. Richardson
SAVED BY MRS. PINKHAM.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 72,896]

"You have saved my life, snatched me from the brink of the grave almost, and I wish to thank you. About eighteen months ago I was a total wreck, physically. I had been troubled with leucorrhœa for some time, but had given hardly any attention to the trouble.

"At last inflammation of the womb and ovaries resulted and then I suffered agonies, had to give up my profession (musician and piano player), was confined to my bed and life became a terrible cross. My husband summoned the best physicians, but their benefit was but temporary at best. I believe I should have contracted the morphine habit under their care, if my common sense had not intervened.

"One day my husband noticed the advertisement of your remedies and immediately bought me a full trial. Soon the pain in my ovaries was gone. I am now well, strong and robust, walk, ride a wheel, and feel like a girl in her teens. I would not be without Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; it is like water of life to me. I am very gratefully and sincerely your well-wisher, and I heartily recommend your remedies. I hope some poor creature may be helped to health by reading my story."—Mrs. Col. E. P. Richardson, Rhinelander, Wis.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Eggs and the Drama.

"After mature reflection," wrote the editor of the Locustville Star of the West and Voice of Truth, "we have decided not to publish any more notices of extraordinary large eggs. We find that the notices tend to create the impression that Locustville is not a good theater town."

Of course, it was likely to hurt his circulation, but art was art.—Detroit Journal.

Does Your Head Ache?

Are your nerves weak? Can't you sleep well? Pain in your back? Lack energy? Appetite poor? Digestion bad? Boils or pimples? These are sure signs of poisoning.

From what poisons?

From poisons that are always found in constipated bowels.

If the contents of the bowels are not removed from the body each day, as nature intended, these poisonous substances are sure to be absorbed into the blood, always causing suffering and frequently causing severe disease.

There is a common sense cure.

AYER'S PILLS

They daily insure an easy and natural movement of the bowels.

You will find that the use of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

with the pills will hasten recovery. It cleanses the blood from all impurities and is a great tonic to the nerves.

Write the Doctor.

Our Medical Department has one of the most eminent physicians in the United States. Tell the doctor just how you are suffering. You will receive the best medical advice without cost. Address,

DR. J. C. AYER,
Lowell, Mass.

Biliousness

"I have used your valuable CASCARETS and find them perfect. Couldn't do without them. I have used them for some time for indigestion and biliousness and am now completely cured. Recommend them, to every one. Once tried, you will never be without them in the family." EDW. A. MARX, Albany, N. Y.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 321

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

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CAPILLARIS
Permanently cures all Itching, Burning, Scaley, Scalp and Skin Diseases, such as Salt Rheum, Eczema, Scald Head, Chilblains, Piles, Burns, Baby Humors, Dandruff, Itching Scalp, Falling Hair (thickening and making it Soft, Silky, and Luxuriant). All Face Eruptions (producing a Soft, Clear, Beautiful Skin and Complexion). It contains no Lead, Sulphur, Cantharides or anything injurious. An easy, great seller. Lady canvassers make $1 to $5 a day. Druggists or mail 50c. Capillaris Manufacturing Co., N. Y. Address T. HILL MANSFIELD, Agt., GLEN RIDGE, N. J.

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Containing five splendid Maps of Canada and its Provinces, as well as a description of the resources of the Dominion, will be mailed free to all applicants desirous of learning something of the Free Homestead Lands of Western Canada. Address F. PEDLEY, Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada; or to M. V. McINNES, No. 1 Merrill Block, Detroit, Mich.

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FRANKLIN COLLEGE New Athens, O. 75th Yr. Sent out U. S. Senators Governors, and 350 Ministers. $135 a yr.; books free; 8 courses; both sexes; no saloons; catalogue free, with plan to earn funds. W. A. WILLIAMS, D. D., Pres.

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Prepares for Government Academies and Colleges. Full Commercial Course. Major B. F. HYATT A. M., Principal, WEST LEBANON, N. H.

R. SEGER & SON,

Next to Bank, Emporium, Pa.

NOW OPENING!

Full Line of Summer Clothing And Furnishings.

Neckwear!

The Finest assortment of neckwear ever seen in this county.

New Shapes in Hats!

R. SEGER & SON.

Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.

396 to 408 Main St.—American Block; BUFFALO, N. Y.

Dress Goods

52-inch Venetian cloth mixtures, beautiful fabrics of good quality, in all the new spring shades, including gray, blue and brown mixtures, also a lighter weight cloth in brown, tan, blue and green, plain colors, 75c yard, worth $1.00.

Very pretty 42-inch silk and wool plaids for shirt waists and separate skirts, choice colorings, 90c yard.

46-inch spring and summer weight poplins in browns, greens, drabs and blues, fashionable fabric, 75c yard, worth $1.00.

Elegant quality of 50-inch navy blue cheviot, 75c yard, worth $1.00.

All-wool challies, the newest and daintiest patterns, 29c and 35c yard.

Finest qualities with satin stripes, 59c and 75c yard.

38-inch all-wool basket and canvas dress goods in combinations of brown and black, green and black and mixtures of browns and greens in very choice colorings, at 25c yard, worth 50c.

46-inch all-wool granite suitings, the best colors of the season in all the new shades, splendid values, 50c yard.

New Silks

Very handsome line of French foulards in navy and white and black and white, with satin stripes, 50c yard, worth 75c, all handsome stylish patterns.

Superb quality of black satin Duchesse, all silk with beautiful luster, 85c yard, worth $1.25.

Swiss taffeta novelty silks, plain and checks, extremely fashionable; also in rich plain colors, 58c yard, worth 85c.

Finest quality imported Habutai wash silks in checks, stripes and greys, 40c and 50c yard, a wonderful variety to choose from.

Wash Fabrics

200 pieces of French organdies in beautiful patterns, all new goods, 12½c yard, worth 25c.

Linen zephyrs, stripes and checks, in pinks, blues and black and whites, 28c yard, worth 35c.

New Madras cloths in very attractive colors and patterns for waists and skirts, 15c yard, worth 25c.

Best value in the city in Oxford shirtings and dress ginghams at 12½c yard.

Fancy chambrays in dainty effects, 25c yard.

Punjab percales in all the best colors, stripes and checks, yard wide, at 12½c yard.

Superior quality of sateens, black grounds, with colored Dresden patterns, 12½ yard.

Butterick Patterns

We are agents for Butterick patterns and publications and have always on hand a complete stock of all the latest patterns for every article of dress.

ADAM, MELDRUM & ANDERSON CO.,

The American Block.

BUFFALO, N. Y.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting Borough Council, Emporium, Pa., August 8, 1899.

Present: Messrs. Burns, Warner, Burke, Strayer and Schweikart.

Absent: Messrs. Lloyd, Shafer, Palmer and Catlin.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

Communication from the Burgess read and ordered placed on file.

Moved by Mr. Warner, seconded by Mr. Burke, that the motion of July 10th, 1899, levying a tax of two dollars on dogs and four dollars on bitches be amended so as to read one dollar on dogs and two dollars on bitches. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Burke, seconded by Mr. Schweikart, that the following bills be paid. Carried:

F. D. Leet, invoice	$ 7 80
S. S. Hacket, lumber	3 00
Thomas Smith, work on streets	5 50
John Welsh, work on streets	15 38
Henry Sassman, work on streets	1 50
Thos. Cavanaugh, work on streets	15 38
Karnes Kinney, work on streets	14 63
George Seaver, work on streets	15 38
Mike Cavanaugh, work on streets	4 13
John Glenn, police service	3 00
Fred Leutze, work on streets	3 75
Frank Wheaton, police service	2 00
Frank Dodson, work on streets	2 00
Thomas Waddington, work on streets	3 58
James Fetter, sand	50
St. Marys Gas Co., Gas to Sept, 1st, 1899	25 00
I. K. Hockley, brick and cement	10 18

Moved by Mr. Schweikart, seconded by Mr. Burns, that a communication from the Chas. T. Holloway Co., be referred to the Chief of the Fire Department, with instructions to return the Fire Extinguisher. The ayes and nays were called as follows: Aye: Messrs. Burns, Strayer, Schweikart—3. Nay: Messrs. Warner and Burke—2. The motion was declared carried.

Moved by Mr. Burke, seconded by Mr. Burns, that a communication from W. J. Grandin, Jr., requesting privilege to erect telephone poles in the borough be laid over until next meeting. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Schweikart, seconded by Mr. Burke, that a committee be appointed to investigate a sewer on Broad street. Carried and Messrs. Burke, Catlin, and Shaffer were appointed.

Moved by Mr. Burke, seconded by Mr. Warner, that the Street Commissioner be instructed to lower the water trough at Warner House. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Burns, seconded by Mr. Burke, that the St. Commissioner be instructed to lay a stone crossing from the Warner House to Walker, Howard & Co.'s store. Carried.

On motion the Council then adjourned.

C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Sec'y.

About one month ago my child, which is fifteen months old, had an attack of diarrhoea accompanied by vomiting. I gave it such remedies as are usually given in such cases, but as nothing gave relief, we sent for a physician and it was under his care for a week. At this time the child had been sick for about ten days and was having about twenty-five operations of the bowels every twelve hours, and we were convinced that unless it soon obtained relief it would not live. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was recommended, and I decided to try it. I soon noticed a change for the better; by its continued use a complete change was brought about and it is now perfectly healthy.—C. L. BOGGS, Stumptown, Gilmer Co., W. Va. For sale by L. Taggart. aug

Financial Statement

Of the Emporium School District for the Year Ending June 5, 1899.

T. B. LLOYD, Treasurer, in Account with Emporium Borough School Fund.

RECEIPTS.

State appropriation for year	$2,184 61
Balance on hand from last year	345 93
From Collector, taxes of all kinds	4,633 31
From loans since last report	397 52
From County Treasurer	9 49
From all other sources	61 00
Total receipts	$7,631 26

EXPENDITURES.

Renting, repairing, etc	180 75
Teachers' wages	4,180 00
Paid teachers attending institute	98 76
Books and supplies	742 79
Fuel and contingencies	815 57
Salary of Secretary and Treasurer	50 00
Debt and interest paid	1,345 10
Other expenses	109 69
Total expenditures	$7,522 66
Cash on hand	108 60

RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES.

Cash on hand	$ 108 60
Amount due district from all sources	825 39
Total Resources	$ 933 99
Amount borrowed and unpaid	$7,062 50
Total liabilities	$7,062 50
Liabilities in excess of resources	$6,128 51

L. K. HUNTINGTON, President.

ATTEST:—
J. D. LOGAN, Secretary.
Emporium, Pa., July 24th, 1899. 22-3t

HUMPHREYS'

WITCH HAZEL

OIL

CURES

Piles or Hemorrhoids
Fissures & Fistulas.
Burns & Scalds.
Wounds & Bruises.
Cuts & Sores.
Boils & Tumors.
Eczema & Eruptions.
Salt Rheum & Tetters.
Chapped Hands.
Fever Blisters.
Sore Lips & Nostrils.
Corns & Bunions.
Stings & Bites of Insects.

Three Sizes, 25c, 50c. and $1.00.

Sold by druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price

HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

The Place to Buy Cheap

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J. F. PARSONS.

KEELEY CURE.

LIQUOR AND OPIUM HABITS.

Removes all desire and appetite, builds up the system, renews health and vigor, brightens the intellect and fits one for business.

THE ONLY KEELEY INSTITUTE IN WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA.

Booklet free. The Keeley Institute, 4246 Fifth Ave. Pittsburg, Pa.

v33no42-1y.

ALL AROUND THE COUNTY.

First Fork.

The apple crop in this section is pretty much a failure this year.

Ed. Caldwell has moved his blacksmith outfit into Short Bend Run and is working for the men on the Russell job.

John A. Wykoff was badly hurt one day last week by being thrown from his horse and striking on his back. He is better now.

While the Misses Elsie and Celia Logue and Maud Wykoff were out buggy riding on Thursday evening, the horse shied while turning around near Joe Burlingame's and threw them out. Miss Elsie Logue got her head through the wheel and but for a spoke breaking out the accident might have been more serious; as it was she was injured quite badly on the arm, chest and head, but is recovering. The other occupants were more scared than hurt. The horse was stopped by Mr. Swank and Mr. Jones who drove it back and gathered up the young ladies and sent them safe home.

Cameron.

Levi Zaner has moved to St. Marys.

J. E. Lester has moved to Cameron.

James Snyder, of St. Marys, is in town.

Joe Yocum left last week for St. Marys.

Lonzo Colorn was seen on our streets one day last week.

George Stewart is nursing a sore eye, the result of a boil.

Frank Lininger is working with P. Clare's section crew.

Warren McConnell has the job packing bark for Stewart Bos.

Mr. T. Gilmartin visited on Railroad street one evening last week.

The M. E. Sunday School will picnic at the Coal Chutes, August 9.

Wm. Dixon and G. B. Shearer went bass fishing Friday last. Three bass was the result.

Harvey Kephart, formerly of this place, but now of Shippen, called on friends here last Saturday.

Mr. George Schwab, who has been visiting his uncle, J. J. Schwab, for a few weeks returned home last Friday.

John Carney, Thomas Carney, Ed. Dugan, Walter Lininger and Robert Richey left for Potter county last Sunday.

GEORGIE.

Sterling Run.

Blackberry picking is the rage here now.

Jas. P. Furlong is chief clerk at Fulton's bon-ton.

Chas. Wiley, of Emporium, is working at the tannery store.

Miss Ella Herrick is very much improved in health since she came home.

Don Larrabee, the insurance hustler, has been doing considerable business in this vicinity.

A. W. Mason is shipping one and two cars of bark daily to L. R. Gleason & Sons, at Driftwood.

What do you think of a young lady eating fifteen roasting ears at one sitting? Can you beat it and have an appetite for supper?

A word to the wise, etc. We would advise Emporium to be very careful what they say in regard to that ball game Friday last, as the good people of this place are very much incensed at the treatment our boys received from persons who have always been looked up to and who call themselves gentlemen.

Miss Mabel Reid and Miss Annie Stauffer, of Renovo, who are stopping with A. W. Mason, encountered a very large rattlesnake near the old Pine street church, a day or so ago, and, instead of getting scared and running away, they captured his snakeship and Miss Reid is wearing his mottled hide for a belt.

JOE.

Sizerville.

Haying and harvesting is nearly over.

Berry pickers are numerous and a bountiful crop.

Chas. Felt made a business trip here on Tuesday.

There will be a picnic here from Wrights, Pa., on Thursday, 10th inst

Chief Police Welch, of Johnsonburg, is taking a much needed rest here by the spring site.

Many are talking of visiting Rock City next Sunday on the trolley from Olean to Bradford.

Mrs. V. S. Burnell and her Sunday School class picniced here on Friday. They will come again.

Dame rumor says there is a wedding booked down the road for the near future. We will be on hand for a piece of the cake.

A large amount of paper-wood will be put in here for the Johnsonburg mill. Evans & Crawford have a large contract to fill.

The oil excitement has not subsided but seems to be on the increase. "If" we only get gas look out for a boom in little Cameron.

Wm. Newell, while working among the logs for H. C. Crawford, had the misfortune to have a large log roll over him injuring one leg in a bad manner.

B. D. Catlin, of Gloversville, N. Y., visited friends here last week, guest of W. R. Sizer. His son is one of the survivors of the ill-fated battleship Maine and was aboard at the time of the explosion. B. D. will be remembered by many old vets as one of the Bucktails from this county, enlisting in '61.

E. D. Sizer, while leading a large blooded bull to water Tuesday evening the animal become suddenly vicious, attacking his master, knocking him down and striking him with his horns. Curt Farrell being near by struck the animal under the ear with a large club. Mr. Sizer was so badly hurt that he was unconscious for several hours but is now resting as well as could be expected.

OLD KIT.

Scarlet Fever.

W. H. Philpot, Canton, O., writes: "Eight cases of sore throat with Scarlet fever in our family have been treated successfully with Armstrong's Diphtheria and Quinsy Crops." 6ly

ALL SORTS.

Diphtheria is in Los Angeles, Cal., and a telegram is received by the I Cure U Co., Butler, Pa., ordering Armstrong's Diphtheria and Quinsy Drops to be sent at once by express. This shows how a good article is appreciated. 6ly

Much doing is not so important as well doing.

The Rev. W. B. Costley, of Stockbridge, Ga., while attending to his pastoral duties at Ellenwood, that state, was attacked by cholera morbus. He says: "By chance I happened to get hold of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and I think it was the means of saving my life. It relieved me at once." For sale by L. Taggart. aug

It is not what we earn but what we save that makes us rich.

"DeWitt's Little Early Risers did me more good than all blood medicines and other pills," writes Geo. H. Jacobs of Thompson, Conn. Prompt, pleasant, never gripe—they cure constipation, arouse the torpid liver to action and give you clean blood, steady nerves, a clear brain and a healthy appetite. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

The theory of charity is always right, the practice is often wrong.

Hamilton Clark, of Chauncey, Ga., says he suffered with itching piles twenty years before trying DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, two bottles of which completely cured him. Beware of worthless and dangerous counterfeits. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

He who can suppress a moment's anger may prevent a day of sorrow.

Quickly cure constipation and rebuild and invigorate the entire system—never gripe or nauseate—DeWitt's Little Early Risers. R. C. Dodson 8ly

Troubles spring from idleness and grievous toils from needless cares.

Irritating stings, bites, scratches, wounds and cuts soothed and healed by DeWitt's With Hazel Salve—a sure and safe application for tortured flesh. Beware of counterfeits. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

Herbine is well adapted to the cure of fevers of all kinds, because it thoroughly cleanses the stomach and bowels of all bilious humors, and expels all impure secretions of the body. Price 50 cts. L. Taggart. aug

A woman never minds a made-over dress so long as it is made over silk

A free and easy expectoration is produced by a few doses of Ballard's Horehound Syrup, in all cases of hoarseness, sore throat, or difficulty of breathing. Price 25 and 50 cents. L. Taggart. aug

The meanest type of a man is he who takes advantage of the widows and orphans.

"Our baby was sick for a month with severe cough and catarrhal fever. Although we used many remedies she kept getting worse until we used One Minute Cough Cure—it relieved at once and cured her in a few days"—B. L. Nance, Prin. High School, Bluffdale, Texas. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

We all do so much better in life, as on wheels, if there is some one to set the pace.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure quickly cures dyspepsia because its ingredients are such that it cannot help doing so. "The public can rely upon it as a master remedy for all disorders arising from imperfect digestion."—Jas M. Thomas, M. D., in American Journal of Health, N. Y. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

A spendthrift is like a tub with the bottom knocked out—he takes all that come and holds nothing.

One Minute Cough Cure quickly cures obstinate summer coughs and colds. "I consider it a most wonderful medicine—quick and safe."—W. W. Merton, Mayhew, Wis. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

Your word is your servant as long as you retain it, but it becomes your master when you suffer it to escape.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure thoroughly digests food without aid from the stomach, and at the same time heals and restores the diseased digestive organs. It is the only remedy that does both of these things and can be relied upon to permanently cure dyspepsia. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

He who is ashamed of the pedigree he got from his father is never going to leave one his children can brag of.

Ballard's Snow Liniment gives instant relief in cases of bleeding, burns, bruises, scalds, cuts, etc. Price 25 and 50c. L. Taggart. aug

He who can pay homage to the truly despictable is truly contemptible.

No one knows the unbearable torture the peculiar and agonizing pain, caused by piles, unless they have suffered from them. Many believe them incurable. This is a mistake. Proper treatment will cure them. Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment is an infallible cure. Price, 50c. in bottles, tubes 75 cts. L. Taggart. aug

A Kansas editor refers to an Indian as a copper-faced type.

Blotches and excrescences, which so often annoy people, are simply efforts of nature to throw off impediments to the proper performance of her duties. Herbine will aid and assist nature in her work, and ensure a skin clear and beautiful, entirely free from all imperfections. Price 50c. L. Taggart. aug

The Best Remedy for Flux.

Mr. John Mathias, a well known stock dealer of Pulaski, Ky., says: "After suffering for over a week with flux, and my physician having failed to relieve me I was advised to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and have the pleasure of stating that the half of one bottle cured me." For sale by L. Taggart. aug

Pain Unnecessary in Childbirth.

Pain is no longer necessary in childbirth. Its causes, being understood are easily overcome, the labor being made short, easy and free from danger, morning sickness, swelled limbs, and like evils readily controlled, and all female diseases speedily cured. Cut this out; it may save your life, suffer not a day longer, but send us two cent stamp and receive in sealed envelope full particulars, testimonials, confidential letter, &c. Address

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CURES NOTHING BUT PILES.

A SURE and CERTAIN CURE known for 15 years as the BEST REMEDY for PILES.

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SEND NO MONEY WITH YOUR ORDER, cut this Ad. out and send to us, and we will send you OUR HIGH-GRADE BURDICK SEWING MACHINE by freight C. O. D., subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented, equal to machines others sell as high as $50.00, and THE GREATEST BARGAIN YOU EVER HEARD OF, pay your freight agent Our Special Offer Price $15.50 and freight charges. The machine weighs 120 pounds and the freight will average 75 cents for each 500 miles. GIVE IT THREE MONTHS TRIAL in your own home, and we will return your $15.50 any day you are not satisfied. We sell different makes and grades of Sewing Machines at $8.50, $10.00, $11.00, $12.00 and up, all of which are fully described in Our Free Sewing Machine Catalogue, but $15.50 for this 7-DRAWER BURDICK is the greatest value ever offered by any house.

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Mulls at from - - - 15 to 25 cents per yd.
Organdies, very good at 12 cts. finer at 25 cents per yd.
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Muslins, large quantity at exceptionally low prices.
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We invite you to our store to compare our prices and goods with others, as we feel sure that after a fair comparison you will be more than pleased with the goods we offer and the service given.

CARPETS.

When in need of a carpet, call and examine our line of patterns. We handle carpets from sample and from the fact that we do not have to keep a lot of capital tied up in the stock, we can offer you lower prices. Leave us your order and we will have you the carpet in two or three days.

MATTINGS,

We have a line of Mattings, and very desirable patterns, at prices that defy competition. Do not expect to get new mattings at last year's prices, for you cannot, as the prices have been advanced by the jobber and we retailers have to follow suit, or not handle the line.

RUGS,

We have a small line of rugs, very nice patterns, which we would like you to see. Call at our store and the clerks will be only too glad to show you the stock.

C. B. HOWARD & CO.